

ĐỀ 1

Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. any B. daddy C. cat D. chat
2. A. talked B. passed C. called D. washed
3. A. come B. something C. comb D. grow

Choose the word that has the stress differently from that of the other words.

4. A. company B. official C. Australia D. encounter
5. A. knowledge B. bracket C. although D. neighbor
6. A. hopelessness B. athletics C. resident D. tolerance

Choose the best answer to complete the blank in each of the following sentences.

7. This room _____ since I was born.
A. has been painted B. was painted C. painted D. has painted
8. What _____ you _____ if you _____ a billionaire? –I would take a trip into space.
A. will/do / are B. would/do / were C. can/do/was D. shall/do / are
9. Have you seen the Titanic yet? _ No, I haven't. I _____ it next Saturday.
A. would see B. will see C. am going to see D. see
10. After _____ dinner, I often watch TV.
A. ate B. eat C. eaten D. eating
11. Tom said that he _____ his motorbike the day before.
A. had lost B. lost C. has lost D. lose
12. Do you believe _____ God?
A. at B. of C. about D. in
13. Air and water are necessary _____ us.
A. of B. for C. with D. to
14. The beautiful woman has a busy _____ life.
A. society B. socialize C. social D. socializing
15. English has become the main language of _____.
A. communication B. communicate C. communicant D. communicative
16. Do you think doing the household chores is the _____ of the women only?
A. responsibly B. responsible C. responsibility D. responsive
17. He did some odd jobs at home _____.
A. disappointment B. disappointedly C. disappointed D. disappoint
18. "I have bought you a toy. Happy birthday to you!" – "_____"
A. What a lovely toy! Thanks. B. Have a nice day!
C. The same to you! D. What a pity!
19. "Your hairstyle is terrific, Cindy" – "_____"
A. It's nice B. You're welcome C. Not at all D. Thanks, Peter
20. When students finish the secondary education, they have to take a(n) _____ called GCSE.
A. check B. examination C. interview D. test
21. I spoke very slowly _____ he didn't understand English very well.
A. to B. so that C. because D. so
22. When being interviewed, you should concentrate on what the interviewer is saying or asking you.
A. be related to B. express interest in C. be interested in D. pay attention to
23. "I'm going away tomorrow, mother." _ Leo told his mother that _____ away the _____.
A. he was going / following day C. I was going / day after
B. I'm going / day after D. he's going / following day

24. “ It was nice of you to give me the present. Thank you” Ben said to Mary.
_ Ben thanked Mary _____ the present.
A. of giving him
B. it had been nice of her to give him
C. for giving him
D. that she had been nice to give him
25. Shakespeare wrote “ Romeo and Juliet” in 1605.
A. “ Romeo and Juliet” were written by Shakespeare in 1605
B. “ Romeo and Juliet” was written by Shakespeare in 1605.
C. “ Romeo and Juliet” was written in 1605 by Shakespeare.
D. “ Romeo and Juliet” were written in 1605 by Shakespeare
26. The hurricane has totally destroyed the villages._ The villages _____ by the hurricane.
A. have been totally destroyed
B. has been totally destroyed
C. have totally been destroyed
D. has totally been destroyed
27. If you don’t work much harder, you won’t pass the exam.
_ Unless you _____ much harder, you _____ the exam.
A. work / will pass
B. don’t work / will pass
C. don’t work / won’t pass
D. work / won’t pass
28. My sister is often sick because she doesn’t do physical exercise.
A. If my sister does physical exercise, she won’t often be sick.
B. If my sister isn’t physical exercise, she does sick.
C. If my sister did physical exercise, she wouldn’t often be sick.
D. If my sister wasn’t physical exercise, she would do sick.
29. The river from _____ we get our water- supply is nearly empty.
A. whose
B. that
C. where
D. which
30. My father wants to speak to you. You met him yesterday.
_ My father _____ you met yesterday, wants to speak to you.
A. whose
B. whom
C. whom
D. that
31. In spite of his poorness, he is honest.
A. Although he is poor, he is honest.
B. Although he is poor, but he is honest.
C. Despite he is poor, he is honest.
D. In spite of he is poor, he is honest.
32. He only accepted the job _____ the high salary.
A. though
B. because
C. because of
D. in spite of
33. Did you read _____ novel I lent you _____ last week?
A. φ / in
B. a / φ
C. φ / on
D. the/φ
34. _____ rich should help _____ poor and _____ disabled.
A. a / a / a
B. the / the / the
C. φ / φ / φ
D. the / the / φ
35. The man who is speaking to John is my brother.
A. The man spoke to John is my brother.
B. The man is speaking to John is my brother.
C. The man spoken to John is my brother.
D. The man speaking to John is my brother.
36. He read The Old Man and The Sea, a novel _____ by Ernest Hemingway.
A. written
B. writing
C. which written
D. that wrote

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

37. I often listen music when I have free time.
A B C D
38. We spent a week to preparing for our concert.
A B C D
39. The phone rung while I was washing the dishes.
A B C D

40. The more I live with him, the most I love him.
 A B C D

Read the passage below and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

The habits of those who constantly play video games are very important to people working in video-game industry. If video games are going to be one of the most attractive features of future interactive systems, it is essential for producers to know what types of games to make, how best to present such games on interactive video, and how to ensure that such games maintain their fascination for people. Above all, it is vital to build up detailed profiles of people who are addicted to video games.

Until recently, the chief market for video games has been boys aged eight to fifteen. The fascination for interactive video games is seen in its purest form in this group. Video games appeal to some deep instinct in boys who find it impossible to tear themselves from them. Schoolwork is ignored, health is damaged and even eating habits are affected. Girls of the same age, however, are entirely different, demonstrating far greater freedom from the hold of video games. Quite simply, they can take video games in their stride, being able to play them when they want and then leave them alone.

41. Producers of video games are keen on _____.
- A. finding the best ways of continuing to attract people
 - B. developing computer techniques in making such games
 - C. learning about drug to which people are addicted
 - D. designing ways
42. The people who are most attracted to video games are _____.
- A. young adult women
 - B. boys from eight to fifteen years old
 - C. girls between eight and fifteen
 - D. supermarket assistants
43. _____ have different attitude towards playing video games.
- A. Adult men and women
 - B. Boys and girls from eight to fifteen
 - C. Girls and boys above eight
 - D. Girls and boys below eight
44. The addiction to video games can be so powerful that it can _____.
- A. separate boys from girls
 - B. make people relaxing
 - C. destroy people's instincts
 - D. make people physically ill.
45. Compared with boys of the same age, girls are _____.
- A. more intelligent than boys
 - B. more addicted to video games
 - C. more concentrated on video games
 - D. less affected by video games

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Speech is one of the most important ways of communicating. It consists of far more than just (46)_____ noises. To talk or to (47)_____ by other people, we have to master a language, that is, we have to use combinations of sound that (48)_____ for a particular object or idea. Communication (49)_____ impossible if everyone (50)_____ up their own language.

- | | | | | |
|-----|------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 46. | A. makes | B. make | C. to make | D. making |
| 47. | A. understanding | B. understand | C. be understood | D. be understandable |
| 48. | A. to stand | B. stand | C. stands | D. standing |
| 49. | A. is | B. will be | C. would be | D. was |
| 50. | A. made | B. makes | C. make | D. will make |

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 2

Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. prepared B. called C. expressed D. employed
2. A. should B. young C. couple D. rough
3. A. possible B. company C. job D. responsible

Choose the word that has the stress differently from that of the other words.

4. A. experience B. concentrate C. enthusiasm D. certificate
5. A. interview B. interviewee C. interviewer D. industry

Choose the best answer to complete the blank in each of the following sentences.

6. In Vietnam, application forms for the National Entrance Examinations must be _____ before the deadline, often in April.
A. issued B. signed C. filed D. submitted
7. Points will be added to the Entrance Examination scores for those who hold an excellent high school _____.
A. certificate B. diploma C. qualification D. degree
8. The world _____ a better place if we had known a hundred years ago what we know about the earth's environment.
A. should be B. might be C. was D. will be
9. If the lecturer last night _____ Dr. Mason, I would have listened carefully.
A. were B. would be C. was D. had been
10. I _____ Tom with me if I had known you and he didn't get along well with each other.
A. won't bring B. wouldn't have brought C. Didn't bring D. hadn't brought
11. Remember to bring with you your school certificate and letters of _____ from your teachers or your previous employers when you come to the interview.
A. assignment B. invitation C. recommendation D. advertisement
12. It wasn't an awful experience. It was the worst thing _____ has ever happened to me.
A. which B. that C. what D. why
13. The party _____ we went to last night was not very enjoyable.
A. which B. when C. where D. what
14. At the end of this month, scientists at the institute will conduct their AIDS research, the results of _____ will be published within 6 months.
A. which B. whom C. that D. it
15. He read The Old Man and The Sea, a novel _____ by Ernest Hemingway.
A. written B. writing C. which wrote D. that written
16. Lien passed the oral test, _____ pleased her parents.
A. that B. which C. what D. it
17. This present will be given to _____ can answer the last question.
A. whomever B. whoever C. whom D. who
18. He often gives me a lot of advice, most of _____ are very useful.
A. them B. whom C. that D. which
19. These new laws have laid legal grounds for _____ inefficient co-operatives.
A. dissolving B. analyzing C. dividing D. disarming.

20. With the strong _____ of our party and Government to DoiMoi, we believe that we will build a better life for our people.
A. promise B. **commitment** C. investment D. reaffirm
21. _____ it is in the spring now, the flowers outside aren't blooming.
A. While B. **Although** C. Whereas D. However
22. _____ I didn't understand a word, I kept smiling.
A. Whereas B. However C. **Even though** D. Nevertheless
23. I like spending my holidays in the mountains, _____ my wife prefers the seaside.
A. though B. **whereas** C. despite D. in spite of
24. _____ he wasn't feeling very well, Alex was determined to take part in the racing.
A. **Despite the fact that** B. Despite the fact it
C. Despite D. In spite of
25. When we got home, dinner _____, so we had a drink first.
A. was preparing B. had been prepared C. **was being prepared** D. was prepared
26. Since 1980, scientists in the world _____ a lot of things to fight AIDS.
A. **have done** B. are doing C. did D. had done
27. Linda _____ her identity card again. This is the second time this _____.
A. lost/ happened B. **has lost/ has happened** C. has lost/ happened D. lost/ has happened
28. I started working here in 2000.
A. I have started working here since 2000.
B. I haven't worked here since 2000.
C. I have started working here since 2000.
D. **I have worked here since 2000.**
29. The hotel _____ we stayed wasn't very clean.
A. **where** B. why C. which D. when
30. It's usually difficult _____ a place to park in the city center.
A. finding B. **to find** C. find D. to finding.
31. It took me a long time to _____ wearing glasses.
A. **get used to** B. use to C. used to D. use
32. Let's have this letter _____ by express mail.
A. sends B. send C. being sent D. **sent**
33. "Can I help you?" _ " _____".
A. **No, thanks. I'm just looking** B. No, I'm seeing
C. Yes, I'm watching D. Yes, I'm thinking
34. -Will they get married? _ Yes, definitely _____ their differences.
A. however B. **despite** C. owing to D. although
35. Let's go to the station to see her _____.
A. through B. back C. **off** D. to
36. He spoke confidently and that impressed me.
A. The thing which impressed me was the confident way he spoke.
B. He spoke confidently, which impressed me.
C. The confident way in which he spoke impressed me.
D. **All are correct.**
37. I can't recall _____ that old movie, but maybe I did many years ago.
A. to see B. to have seen C. having been seen D. **having seen**
38. Henry will pass his exams _____ any means. He has studied well.
A. **by** B. on C. with D. in

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

39. Higher general education and training generally took place in a university or college.

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 3

Choose the word that is stressed differently from the rest.

1. A. hospital B. inflation C. policy D. constantly
2. A. government B. consumer C. domestic D. production
3. A. priority B. industry C. subsidy D. qualify

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

4. A. choice B. chemist C. each D. achieve
5. A. applicant B. identity C. indicate D. chemistry

Choose the best answer to complete the blank in each of the following sentences.

6. If I feel too excited to sleep, I _____ reading one of our reports.
A. will try B. try C. would try D. would have tried
7. If he _____ well on the training course last year, he _____ offered the promotion now.
A. had done / would be B. had done / would have done
C. did / would be D. did / will be
8. What time would we get there _____ the subway?
A. we took B. if we took
C. unless we take D. provided that we take
9. He took me to the college _____.
A. he used to study B. in that he used to study
C. where he used to study D. which he used to study
10. _____ school is very important for _____ country to develop.
A. The / a B. \emptyset / a C. The/ \emptyset D. \emptyset / \emptyset
11. He has been learning hard to prepare _____ the coming final exam.
A. for B. with C. on D. over
12. _____ the end of the course, the students have to take an exam on four basic skills of the target language.
A. In B. At C. On D. To
13. They are university professors who specialize _____ the history of the Russian empire.
A. on B. to C. in D. about
14. Secondary education in Hong Kong is largely based _____ the British education system.
A. on B. to C. in D. about
15. Tell me the day _____ you want to leave.
A. which B. in which C. that D. when
16. Of my students, Betty is the only one _____ has found a job.
A. whom B. which C. that D. whose
17. Have you ever visited New York harbor, _____ the famous Statue of Liberty stands?
A. which B. where C. that D. over which

18. The man and his dogs _____ were buried in the demolished building after the earthquake have just been rescued safely.
A. which B. who C. that D. whom
19. GCSE courses are _____ in a variety of subjects which are usually decided by the students themselves.
A. spent B. taken C. made D. looked
20. GCSEs are not compulsory, but they are the most common qualifications taken by 14-16 year-old students.
A. specialized B. fulfilled C. applied D. Required
21. An 'A-level' in Maths or a / an _____ qualification is normally required.
A. equal B. same C. like D. equivalent
22. The control of _____ has been carried out through measures rooted in monetarism.
A. inflate B. inflation C. inflationist D. inflator
23. It is often a good idea to start with small, easily _____ goals.
A. achievable B. achieve C. achievement D. achiever
24. To my _____, I was not offered the job.
A. happiness B. dream C. joy D. disappointment
25. The Eiffel Tower _____ design was revolutionary at its time, is still a marvelous structure.
A. which B. that C. whose D. of which
26. Many children are under such a high _____ of learning that they do not feel happy at school.
A. recommendation B. interview C. pressure D. concentration
27. _____, he walked to the station.
A. Despite being tired B. Although to be tired
C. In spite being tired D. Despite tired
28. During the time of economic reforms, the economy has grown _____ with only a few major setbacks.
A. constant B. constantly C. constants D. constancy
29. The _____ effect of the new policy is that the farmer is now working for himself, and not for the state sake.
A. legal B. common C. all D. overall
30. After more than a decade of Doi Moi or economic _____, the Vietnamese Communist government has achieved diplomatic and economic links with numerous foreign partners.
A. relation B. investment C. productivity D. renovation

Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correction.

31. Has the letters which I want been typed yet?
A B C D
32. When GCSEs are taken in secondary school, they can often combined with other qualifications, or diplomas.
A B C D
33. If you have already decided on a course that you would like to study at university, or we recommend that you take a look at the course requirements first.
C D
34. The term 'economic reform' refers to policies directing by the government to achieve improvements in economic efficiency.
A B C D
35. Economic reforms started since 1986 in Vietnam have helped millions of people

University Entrance Examination is very important to Vietnamese students. High school graduates have to take it and get high results to be admitted to universities. The pressure on the candidates remains very high despite the measures that have been taken to reduce the heat around these exams, since securing a place in a state university is considered a major step towards a successful career for young people, especially **those** from rural areas or disadvantaged families. In the year 2004, it was estimated that nearly 1 million Vietnamese students took the University Entrance Examination, but on average only 1 out of 5 candidates succeeded. Normally, candidates take 3 exam subjects, and each lasts 180 minutes for the fixed group of subjects they choose. There are 4 fixed groups of subjects: Group A: Mathematics, Physics, and Chemistry; Group B: Mathematics, Chemistry and Biology; Group C: Literature, History, and Geography; Group D: Literature, Foreign Language, and Mathematics.

In addition to universities, there are community colleges, art and technology institutes, professional secondary schools, and vocational schools which offer degrees or certificates from a-few-month to 2-year courses.

According to Vietnam's Ministry of Education and Training, there are currently 23 non-public universities, accounting for 11% of the total number of universities. These non-public universities are currently training 119,464 students or 11.7% of the total number of students. The government is planning to increase the number of non-public universities to 30% by 2007.

46. University Entrance Examination in Vietnam is very _____.
- A. interesting B. stressful C. free D. easy
47. The word **those** refers to _____.
- A. exam subjects B. young people C. universities D. examinations
48. In 2004, the proportion of the students who got success in University Entrance Examination was about _____ percent.
- A. 5 B. 10 C. 20 D. 50
49. Which sentence refers to the University Entrance Examination in Vietnam?
- A. Students find it easy to get success in the University Entrance Examination.
B. Maths is compulsory in the University Entrance Examination.
C. Students are not allowed to choose their exam subjects.
D. There are four fixed groups of exam subjects for students to choose.
50. According to the passage, _____.
- A. the Vietnamese government will close all non-public universities by next year
B. the Vietnamese government does not appreciate non-public universities
C. the Vietnamese government encourages the establishment of non-public universities
D. Vietnamese students have no alternative to continue their higher study besides universities

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 4

Pick out the word which has different stress pattern from that of the rest.

1. A. interviewer B. preparation C. economics D. education
2. A. employment B. remember C. concentrate D. position
3. A. achievement B. communist C. constantly D. government

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

4. A. character B. cheacher C. chemist D. chemical
5. A. explained B. disappointed C. prepared D. interviewed

Choose the best answer to complete the blank in each of the following sentences.

6. Many people have objected to the use of animals in _____ experiments.
A. science B. scientist C. scientific D. scientifically
7. In Scotland, students transfer from primary to secondary education at approximately age 12.
A. compound B. base C. change D. move
8. Considering peasants make up nearly 80% of Vietnam's population.
A. specialists B. economists C. professors D. farmers
9. Although he has not got necessary experience, he used to take a _____ in business administration.
A. curriculum B. course C. school D. class
10. In England schooling is compulsory _____ all children from the age of 5 to 16.
A. with B. for C. to D. over
11. That machine is useless. It _____ not been used for a long time
A. is B. was C. did D. has
12. Beethoven's Fifth Symphony _____ next weekend.
A. is going to be performed B. has been performed
C. will be performing D. will have performed
13. The trees _____.
A. were grown by John yesterday in the backyard
B. were grown in the backyard by John yesterday
C. were grown in the backyard yesterday by John
D. in the backyard were grown yesterday by John
14. Mathematics, a required subject in all schools, is _____ into many branches.
A. grouped B. prepared C. divided D. added
15. The making of good habits _____ a determination to keep on training your child.
A. require B. requires C. requirement D. required
16. She had to have the operation _____.
A. unless she would dies B. if she would die
C. otherwise she will die D. or she would die
17. _____ he gets here soon, we will have to start the meeting without him.

- A. Suppose B. Provided C. Unless D. If
18. If my client _____ me her fax number, I _____ to post a letter to her.
 A. gave,/ will not have B. will give / do not have
 C. had given / wouldn't have had D. had given / will not have had
19. Ms Young, to _____ many of her students are writing, is living happily and peacefully in Canada.
 A. who B. whom C. that D. whose
20. We have learned English since we _____ in the sixth form.
 A. are B. were C. had been D. have been
21. He is the man _____ car was stolen last week.
 A. whom B. that C. which D. whose
22. Kim: "What _____ this weekend?" - Sally: "Oh, we're going hunting. It's fantastic!"
 A. are you doing B. are you going C. would you do D. do you go
23. Nam: "Hello! My name is Nam. Nice to meet you" - Mai: "Hello _____"
 A. I'm fine B. Really?
 C. Good! D. I'm Mai. Glad to meet you
24. Tommy left high school _____ the age _____ seventeen.
 A. at / of B. in / for C. on / with D. of / in
25. Maria: "Thanks for the lovely evening" - Diana: " _____".
 A. No, it's not good B. I'm glad you enjoyed it
 C. Yes, it's really great D. Oh, that's right
26. The preparations _____ by the time the guests _____.
 A. had been finished / arrived B. have finished / arrived
 C. had finished / were arriving D. have been finished / were arrived
27. Kenvin: "Let's go to the movie now" - Lan: " Oh! _____"
 A. I don't B. I need it C. Why's that D. It's a good idea
28. Nam: " Whose book is this?" - Mai: " _____"
 A. No, It's over there B. It's my mother's C. It's just outside D. It's my mother
29. When I _____ to visit her yesterday, she _____ a party.
 A. come / was prepared B. came / prepared C. came / was preparing D. came/has prepared
30. Reagan _____ an actor years ago.
 A. is said to be B. is said to have been C. was said have been D. was said being
31. He didn't get the job _____ he had all the necessary qualifications.
 A. in spite of B. although C. because D. because of

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

32. We all know that we have to work hardly to earn a living ourselves and support the family.
 A B C D
33. Anyone where works is regarded as a useful member of our society.
 A B C D
34. Old people in my country always looks forward to their retirement so that they can travel.
 A B C D
35. Economic reforms are often carried for to promote the developing of a country.
 A B C D
36. He was so ill that he could not do his final examination and cancelled it to the next year.
 A B C D

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

37. The last time when I saw her was three years ago.
 A. I have often seen her for the last three years.
 B. About three years ago, I used to meet her.
 C. I have not seen her for three years.
 D. I saw her three years ago and will never meet her again.

38. In spite of all our efforts, we failed in the final match.
- A. Although we tried very hard, we failed in the final match.
 - B. We made all our efforts so that we could again success in the final match.
 - C. Whatever efforts we had made, we weren't able to win in the final match.
 - D. We failed in the final match as a result of all our great efforts.
39. Vietnam / almost / students / stay / universities / for / four / five / years.
- A. At Vietnam, almost students stay in universities for four or five years.
 - B. In Vietnam, almost students stay at universities for four or five years.
 - C. In Vietnam, almost students stay for four or five years at universities.
 - D. Almost students stay at universities in Vietnam for four or five years.
40. You / find / much / possible / job / vacancy.
- A. You should find as much as possible about the job and the vacancy.
 - B. You should find out much possible about the job and the vacancy.
 - C. You should find out as much as possible about the job and the vacancy.
 - D. You should find out much as possible about the job and the vacancy.

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

A student learning English occasionally meets the following problems when he (46)_____ to talks and lectures. It is difficult to decide where one word finishes and the next one starts. In speech, many sounds (47)_____ a student difficulty and he fails to identify them. Some words in English, which occur very commonly, have a weak form. An overseas student identifies them with difficulty. (48)_____ addition, many students sometimes do not hear the unstressed syllable in a word. This problem never arises in print.

The lecturer (49)_____ uses an informal style and who pronounces his vowels with a strong accent will be difficult to follow. A student takes notes more (50)_____ when the lecturer speaks with a BBC accent.

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| 41. | A. apeak | B. hears | C. wants | D. listens |
| 42. | A. make | B. cause | C. do | D. create |
| 43. | A. In | B. For | C. On | D. With |
| 44. | A. which | B. who | C. whose | D. when |
| 45. | A. carefully | B. easily | C. terribly | D. carelessly |

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

Instructors at American colleges and universities use many different teaching methods. Some instructors give assignments every day. They grade homework. Students in their classes have to take many quizzes, a midterm exam, and a final test. Other instructors give only writing assignments. Some teachers always follow a course outline and usually use the text book. Others send students to the library for assignment.

The atmosphere in some classrooms is very formal. Students call their instructors “ Professor Smith,” “Mrs. Jones”, and so on. Some teachers wear business clothes and give lectures. Others classrooms have an informal atmosphere. Students and teachers discuss their ideas. Instructors dress informally, and students call them by their first names. American teachers are not alike in their teaching styles.

At most American colleges and universities, facilities for learning and recreation are available to students. Students can often use type-writers, tape recorders, video machines, and computers at libraries and learning centres. They can buy books, notebooks, and other things at campus stores. They can get advice on their problems from councilors and individual help with their classes from tutors. Students can relax and have fun on campus, too. Some schools have swimming pools and tennis courts. Most have snack bars or cafeterias.

46. What is the first paragraph about?
- A. Ways of using the textbook
 - B. Ways of giving assignment
 - C. Ways of teaching
 - D. Ways of taking an exam
47. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. American students can call their teachers by their first names.
 - B. The atmosphere in the American classrooms is always relaxed and friendly.
 - C. American teachers do not dress informally.
 - D. The atmosphere in America classrooms is always formal.
48. What does the word “business clothes” in the paragraph 2 mean?
- A. clothes that only business people wear
 - B. trendy clothes
 - C. casual clothes
 - D. formal clothes
49. What can't students do at most American colleges and universities?
- A. bring the computers at the libraries home.
 - B. ask their councellors and tutors for advice.
 - C. use the computers that are linked to libraries.
 - D. have tutors and councilors solved their problems.
50. Which of the following statements is false about schools in America?
- A. They are well equipped.
 - B. They have stores on campus.
 - C. They have no recreation facilities.
 - D. They offer sports and leisure facilities for students.

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 5

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

- 1. A. advises B. raises C. devises D. goes
- 2. A. rose B. lose C. close D. chose

Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that has different stress from that of the rest.

- 3. A. express B. effort C. office D. comment
- 4. A. economic B. experience C. entertainment D. introduction
- 5. A. history B. depression C. invention D. completely

Choose the answer (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences.

- 6. He has just come back from London, _____ is the capital of England.
A. that B. which C. where D. in which
- 7. No one can predict the future exactly. Things may happen _____.
A. expected B. unexpected C. expectedly D. unexpectedly
- 8. Ms Young, to _____ many of her students are writing, is living happily and peacefully in Canada.
A. who B. whom C. that D. whose
- 9. After a few decades of the economic reforms, Vietnam has increased the living _____ of people.
A. surfaces B. standards C. levels D. backgrounds
- 10. In five more minutes, they _____ for three hours on the phone.
A. are talking B. have talked C. will have been talking D. will talk
- 11. Nam: What do you think about his story? - Tan: _____, it's not true.
A. In my opinion B. I think C. According to me D. I don't think
- 12. If she _____ the train last night, she _____ here now.
A. took / were B. were taking / is
C. had taken / would have been D. had taken / would be
- 13. _____ speaking, I do not really like my present job.
A. Honest B. Honestly C. Honesty D. Dishonest
- 14. A letter of _____ is sometimes really necessary for you in a job interview.

- A. recommend B. recommended C. recommender D. recommendation
15. _____ if he comes late?
A. What you would do B. What would you do C. What will you do D. What you will do
16. Some days of rest may help to _____ the pressure of work.
A. reduce B. lower C. chop D. increase
17. A _____ is an official document that you receive when you have completed a course of study or training.
A. vocation B. subject C. certificate D. grade
18. John: What a nice watch you are wearing, Mary! - Mary: _____.
A. Thank you. I hope you like it. B. I don't think it's nice
C. No, I don't think so D. Oh, that's right
19. He is very worried _____ his new job because he is not quite prepared _____ working.
A. on / over B. to / off C. about / for D. in / at
20. Mai: Can you lend me some money, Lan? - Lan: _____.
A. I don't have any money B. Certainly. Here you are.
C. No, I can't D. Yes, I can
21. If I _____ 10 years younger, I _____ the job.
A. am / will take B. was / have taken
C. had been / will have taken D. were / would take
22. When I _____ up this morning, my roommate _____ already.
A. am waking / leaves B. wake / has left C. woke / had left D. was waking / left
23. I think we _____ from her soon.
A. hear B. will hear C. have heard D. will have heard
24. Robert wanted to know if I would leave the _____ Friday.
A. following B. ago C. previous D. before
25. He is the man _____ car was stolen last week.
A. whom B. that C. which D. whose
26. It is of great _____ to show your interest and politeness when you are having a job interview.
A. importance B. important C. importantly D. unimportant
27. _____ instructed me how to make a good preparation for a job interview.
A. John Robbins to that I spoke by telephone B. John Robbins, that I spoke to by telephone
C. John Robbins, to who I spoke by telephone D. John Robbins, whom I spoke to by telephone
28. She is the eldest in her house, so she has to look _____ her brother when her parents go out.
A. for B. at C. up D. after
29. A taxi crashed into _____ tree. _____ driver was badly injured.
A. a / a B. a / the C. the / a D. the / the
30. The economic renovation in Vietnam _____ in December, 1986 by the Vietnamese Communist Party.
A. initiated B. was initiating C. was initiated D. had initiated
- Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for each of the following questions:**
31. "What did you do last weekend, Tim?" Alice asked.
A. Alice asked Tim what did he do last weekend.
B. Alice asked Tim what he had done last weekend.
C. Alice asked Tim what he had done the previous weekend.
D. Alice asked Tim what had he done the previous weekend.
32. People say that Vietnamese students are not well-prepared for their future jobs.
A. Vietnamese students are said not to be well-prepared for their future jobs.
B. Vietnamese students are said to be not well-prepared for their future jobs.
C. Vietnamese students say not to be well-prepared for their future jobs.

- D. Vietnamese students say to be not well-prepared for their future jobs.
33. "Why don't you ask the teacher for help?" Peter asked me.
 A. Peter advised me to ask the teacher for help.
 B. Peter recommended me not to ask the teacher for help. ,
 C. Peter told me the reason why I did not ask the teacher for help.
 D. Peter suggested that he should ask the teacher for help.
34. If it does not rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.
 A. Unless it rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.
 B. Unless it does rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.
 C. Unless it rains tomorrow, we will water the garden.
 D. Unless it rains tomorrow, we will not water the garden.
35. Because he came to class late, the teacher punished him.
 A. The teacher punished him if he came to class late.
 B. The teacher would punish him if he came to class late
 C. The teacher would not punish him if he did not come to class late.
 D. The teacher would not have punished him if he had not come to class late.
36. Qualifications and experience / two elements / help us / get good jobs easily.
 A. Qualifications and experience are two elements help us get good jobs easily.
 B. Qualifications and experience are two elements helping us get good jobs easily.
 C. Qualifications and experience are two elements which helps us get good jobs easily.
 D. Qualifications and experience are two elements helped us get good jobs easily.

Choose the underlined part (A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correction.

37. Although they always argue with each other, but they are good friends.
 A B C D
38. More school have been built recently to make it convenient for children to go to school.
 A B C D
39. My sister works for a foreign company in Ho Chi Minh City, where is one of the biggest cities in Vietnam.
 A B C D
40. Since they study in the same primary school, they have known each other.
 A B C D

Choose the word or phrase that best fits each space in the following passage

Many people love boats. Going out on the water (41) _____ a warm summer day is a lot of fun. (42) _____, different people like different kinds of boats. Two of the most popular kinds of boat are sailboats and speedboats. Sailboats use the (43) _____ to give them power. They only have small engines. In contrast, speedboats have large engines and go very fast. Furthermore, speedboats are usually not as (44) _____ as sailboats. Speedboats are small so that they can go fast. Sailboats, on the other hand, are big so that they are more comfortable. (45) _____, sailboats can travel into the ocean, but this would be very dangerous in a speedboat. You can only use speedboats on rivers or lakes.

41. A. at B. on C. in D. while
 42. A. However B. Although C. Because D. Unless
 43. A. water B. speed C. weather D. wind
 44. A. small B. fast C. warm D. big
 45. B. Unfortunately B. At first C. In addition D. Except for

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D

Diwali is a main Hindu festival. It is known as the "Festival of Lights". It makes the victory of good over evil. In other words, lights are symbols of victory of brightness over darkness. People in India turn on lamps in every house and watch firecrackers in the night sky. These lights are a way showing *honor* to the gods of India for giving the people health, knowledge, riches and peace.

On the day of Diwali, *children* get up at 3:00 a.m and take a bath. They dress up in festival clothes, light up the candles and share sweets. There is competition among the children to light the first firecracker and to make the loudest noise. Soon, the whole sky is bright. Children seem to have the most fun during this festival.

46. What does the passage mainly discuss ?
A. Unity among the people in India
B. A way that children in India have fun
C. How a festival in India is celebrated
D. The meaning of lamplighting and firecrackers in India.
47. The word *honor* in the first paragraph 1 is closet in meaning to
A. pride B. respect C. satisfaction D. understanding
48. All of the following are true of the festival **EXCEPT** _____.
A. giving thanks to Gods
B. lighting up candles
C. exploding firecrackers
D. having sports competition between children
49. The author's main purpose in paragraph 1 is
A. to show different types of lights in Diwali
B. to point out that the Diwali is an unusual holiday
C. to explain the meaning of Diwali
D. to give evidence that Diwali is celebrated at night
50. Why does the author mention *children* in paragraph 2?
A. To focus that Diwali is a noisy festival
B. To indicate that children enjoy the holiday of Diwali a lot
C. To explain that the Diwali is a time for competition
D. To indicate that the holiday is dangerous for children

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 6

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. nursery B. work C. excursion D. certificate
2. A. application B. apply C. applicant D. applicator

Choose the word that has the main stress position differently from that of the rest.

3. A. campus B. certificate C. performance D. acceptance
4. A. impression B. existence C. compulsory D. creativity
5. A. reform B. improve C. dominate D. adopt

Choose the correct answer to each of the following questions.

6. He warned her _____ the wire.
A. not touching B. not touch C. touch D. not to touch
7. Hurry up! It's time we _____ for next week's examination.
A. have studied B. studied C. had studied D. will study
8. When Jack _____ me, I _____ a letter.
A. phoned/ has been writing B. has phoned/ was writing
C. phoned/ was writing D. was phoning/ wrote
9. Be quiet! The baby _____.

- A. is sleeping B. slept C. was sleeping D. sleeps
10. You should find out as much as about the job and the vacancy
A. jobs are advertised B. a job that is available.
C. a seat that is available D. an empty seat.
11. Would you mind show me _____ to work the lift?
A. where B. how C. what D. why
12. The academic year in England _____ into three terms.
A. has divided B. is divided C. divides D. is dividing
13. My mother tells me that she _____ since she was four.
A. has been singing B. has been sung C. sang D. had sung
14. We saw many soldiers and horses _____ were moving to the front line.
A. which B. whom C. who D. that
15. Try these cakes ! They are _____ from wheat flour.
A. done B. made C. taken D. baked
16. A surprise party _____ by my students tomorrow.
A. is going to be organized B. is gone to organize
C. is going to organize D. a and b are correct
17. Schooling is _____ for all English children from the age of five to sixteen.
A. compulsory B. advised C. selected D. encouraged
18. Because of the coming examination, I am under a lot of study _____.
A. responsibility B. pressure C. confidence D. activities
19. Had I known she was sick , I _____ her.
A. visited B. had visited C. would have visited D. would visit
20. " _____ " the doctor advised his patient.
A. You had better stop drinking B. I would like you to drink
C. You had better to drink D. Please drink some more
21. "I will do it for you, Mary", Peter said.
A. Peter advised Mary to do it B. Peter advised Mary not to do it.
C. Peter promised to do it for Mary D. Peter wanted Mary to do it.
22. Some snakes are poisonous, _____ others are harmless.
A. but B. so C. for D. although
23. Please don't enter _____ knocking.
A. with B. without C. except for D. by
24. " Thanks for your help!" " _____ "
A. With all my heart B. Never mind me C. It's my pleasure D. All it is for you
25. " How do you get to work?" " _____ "
A. It is very far B. About two kilometers.
C. I walk, of course D. I was taken there.
26. " I have just passed my English proficiency test." " _____ "
A. Congratulations ! B. It's nice of you to say so!
C. That's a good idea! D. Ok! I'm enjoying in it!
27. " Happy New Year! " " _____ "
A. Thank you, I am very happy to hear that.
B. Thank you, I am too.
C. Thank you, the same to you.
D. Thank you. I wish you a happy birthday.

28. "I am expecting a baby." " _____ "
- A. Good luck! Boy or girl?
 - B. Happy to hear that.
 - C. When will you give birth to a baby?
 - D. That's wonderful news! When's it due?

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

29. I can't do the test because it is too difficult.
- A. If the test weren't too difficult, I can do it.
 - B. If the test hadn't been too difficult, I could do it.
 - C. If the test weren't too difficult, I could do it.
 - D. If the test isn't too difficult, I can do it.
30. They are *cleaning* the kitchen now.
- A. The kitchen is now cleaned.
 - B. The kitchen is cleaning now.
 - C. The kitchen is been cleaning now.
 - D. The kitchen is being cleaned now.
31. Opinion/ his performance / good.
- A. My opinion was good at his performance.
 - B. For my opinion, his performance was good.
 - C. In my opinion, I think his performance was good.
 - D. In my opinion, his performance was good.
32. He/ afraid/ sack/ lack of education.
- A. He is afraid that he sacks lack of education.
 - B. He is afraid of sacking due to lack of education.
 - C. He is afraid of being sacked for lack of education.
 - D. He is afraid of being sacked because he lacks of education.
33. *Without* transportation, *our modern society could not exist*.
- A. Our modern society could not exist if there is no transportation.
 - B. Our modern society will not exist without having transportation.
 - C. If there were no transportation, our modern society would not exist.
 - D. If transportation no longer exists, our modern society will not exist.
34. "You'd better think carefully before applying for that job." She said to me.
- A. She said me to think carefully before applying for that job.
 - B. She says me to think carefully before applying for that job.
 - C. She advise me to think carefully before applying for that job.
 - D. She advised me to think carefully before applying for that job.
35. *The USA is a country of high youth unemployment*.
- A. The USA is a country of young people.
 - B. It is the USA that has a great number of young people.
 - C. High youth unemployment is found in the USA.
 - D. We find high youth unemployment a problem in the USA

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

36. Buying clothes are often a very time- consuming practice because those clothes that
A B C
a person likes are rarely the one that fit him or her.

- D
37. After she had bought himself a new automobile, she sold her bicycle.

A B C D

38. After George had returned to his house, he was reading a book.

A B C D

39. We had better to review this chapter carefully because we will have some questions on it on our test tomorrow.

A B C D

40. Stuart stopped to write his letter because he had to leave for the hospital.

Choose the correct word for each of the blanks.

BEFORE THE INTERVIEW

You should find out as much as possible about the job and the (41)_____. Before the interview, you have to send a letter of application and your resumes to the company to express your interest in the job and (42) _____ that you may be the most suitable candidate for the position.

When you come to the interview, remember (43) _____ with you your school certificates and letter of recommendation from your teachers or your previous employers. (44)_____ you may jot down your qualifications and experience that can relate to the job and prepare for the questions that are often asked during the interview. Make sure you know where the interview is and (45)_____ there. Be on time or a few minutes early. Don't forget to dress neatly and formally.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|
| 41. A. vacancy | B. career | C. profession | D. place. |
| 42. A. showing | B. to show | C. shown | D. show |
| 43. A. to bring | B. bringing | C. brought | D. bring |
| 44. A. Although | B. In addition | C. however | D. And |
| 45. A. how to get | B. how getting | C. way getting | D. to get |

Choose the correct answer to each of the questions.

If parents bring up a child with the aim of turning the child into a genius, they will cause great damage to him. According to several leading educational psychologist, this is one of the biggest mistakes which some parents make. Generally the child will understand very well the parents expect and will fail. Unrealistic parental expectations can cause great damage to their children.

However, if parents are not unrealistic about what they expect their children to do, but are hopeful in a sensible way, the child may succeed in doing very well especially if the parents are very supportive of their children.

Michael Li is very lucky. He is very fond of music, and his parents help him a lot by taking him to concerts and arranging private piano and violin lessons. Although Michael's play the trumpet in a large orchestra, he never makes Michael enter music competitions if he is unwilling.

Michael's friend, Winston Chen, however, is not so lucky. Although both his parents are successful musicians, they set too high a standard for Winston. They want their son to be as successful as they are and so they enter him in every piano competition held. They are very unhappy when he does not win. "when I was your age, I used to win every competition I enter," Winton's father tells him. Winston is always afraid that he will disappoint his parents and now he always seems quiet and unhappy.

46. The main idea of the passage is_____.
- A. how parents should make a child a musician.
 B. how parents should bring up a child.
 C. what differences there are between two kinds of parents.

D. what aim of a child can be much earlier to reach.

47. Michael is lucky because _____.
- A. His parents help him in a sensible way. B. His family is rich enough to have a car.
C. His father is a musician in an orchestra. D. He is free to do anything that he likes best.
48. Winton's parents set so high a standard for him that _____.
- A. He has to do his best to do everything.
B. He has made greater progress in music.
C. He is afraid that he may disappoint them
D. He often want to kill himself someday.
49. It is one of parents' mistakes if _____.
- A. they want their child to be a musician.
B. They help their child to win music competition.
C. They don't care for their child's education much.
D. They make their child try to achieve too much.
50. According to the author's opinion, _____.
- A. It is unimportant to let the child develop in the way they want.
B. Parents should be supportive of their children.
C. All sensible parents can train their children to success in everything.
D. Unrealistic parents should arrange private lessons for their children.

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 7

Choose the word that is stressed differently from the rest.

1. A. **economy** B. economics C. technologically D. institution
2. A. university B. international C. agricultural D. **philosophy**

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

3. A. achieved B. **advanced** C. required D. replied
4. A. **explanation** B. experience C. existence D. exciting
5. A. **disaster** B. crisis C. basic D. handsome

Choose the best answer to complete the blank in each of the following sentences.

6. Because _____ a lack _____ interest, tomorrow program has been called _____.
- A. to/in /out B. **of/of /off** C. in/to /in D. of/of/away.
7. She will never try _____ that again. It was such a nasty experience.
- A. to do B. to be done C. **doing** D. do
8. Let's go to the airport to see her _____.
- A. through B. back C. **off** D. to
9. Those _____ to go with me, please raise your hand.
- A. wanting B. who wants C. who want D. **a & c are correct**
10. Would you like to go to the movies tomorrow? – Sure. By then I _____ my exam.
- A. will finish B. finished C. **will have finished** D. have finished
11. _____ the fifth largest among the nine planets that make up our solar system.
- A. **The Earth is** B. the Earth being C. that the Earth is D. **being the Earth**
12. At present Mary _____ her clothes. She _____ the clothes on Sunday.
- A. **is washing / often washes** B. has washed / is often washing
C. was washing / has often washed D. washes / often washed
13. They _____ good preparations before they _____ their final examination yesterday.

- A. made / had taken
C. had made / took
14. Let's put off that meeting to next Monday.
A. postpone B. arrange C. start D. decide
15. German people always say *Please* when putting a plate in front of a guest _____ English people in that case would say *Hope you enjoy it*.
A. despite B. when C. while D. though
16. They had a really good chance of winning the national _____.
A. competitor B. competition C. compete D. competitive
17. Lan is very sick now since she hasn't got used _____ the cold weather _____ the U.S.
A. to / in B. with / on C. to / at D. with / in
18. Many women _____ the countryside have to suffer _____ domestic violence as they are not aware of their rights.
A. at / from B. to / at C. from / with D. in / from
19. I like to _____ shopping in the city.
a. doing B. do C. making D. make
20. _____ garden looks like a mess. Why don't you cut _____ grass?
A. a / a B. a / the C. the / the D. x / x
21. _____ friend of mine gave me _____ conical hat as a souvenir.
A. the / the B. a / the C. the / a D. a / a
22. Even though I kept apologizing, _____.
A. my friend forgives me B. my friend forgave me
C. my friend does not forgive me D. my friend did not forgive me
23. Tom was still keen on his goal _____ the fact that it was very hard to achieve.
A. because B. although C. despite D. in spite
24. He _____ for Canada two years ago and I _____ him since then.
A. left / did not see B. has left / have not seen C. left / do not see D. left / have not seen
25. The bedroom needs _____ now.
A. decorate B. decorated C. decorating D. to decorate
26. It is very kind of you _____ me a hand.
A. to give B. given C. giving D. give
27. The villagers in this commune continue to take part in many _____ ceremonies.
A. traditional B. traditionally C. untraditional D. traditions
28. "Oh, no. Did I do that? I'm sorry." – " _____"
A. Oh, that's alright. It can happen to anyone. B. Did i? I'm sorry.
C. I'm worried about that. D. No, of course not.
29. " _____" – "Oh, thanks. I'm glad you like it."
A. What does your house cost? B. I like your house. It has nice view.
C. I don't know how to get to your house. D. Who designed this beautiful house?
30. The air has become more and more polluted because of exhaust fumes from vehicles.
A. preserved B. wasted C. contaminated D. conserved

Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correction.

31. Julie failed her driving test because she hasn't practised enough.

A B C D

32. I don't mind a little inconvenient but this is impossible.

A B C D

33. The doctor called this morning while you slept.

A B C D

34. Someone would tell him the answer, so he guessed.

A B C D

35. Unless you don't know how to do this exercise, you can ask me.

A B C D

Choose the best answers to fill in the blanks:

Some people believe that soon schools will no longer be necessary. They say that (9) _____ the Internet and other new technologies, (10) _____ no longer any need for school buildings, formal class, or teachers. Perhaps this will be true one day, but this is hard to (11) _____ a world without schools. In fact, we need to look at how we can use new technology to make schools better, not (12) _____ them. We should invent a new kind of school that is (13) _____ to libraries, museums, science centers, laboratories, and even companies.

36. A. despite B. because of C. thought D. because
 37. A. there are B. they are C. it is D. there is
 38. A. know B. realize C. imagine D. consider
 39. A. to eliminate B. eliminative C. eliminator D. elimination
 40. A. limited B. linked C. contributed D. addressed

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

Before applying to a foreign university, one should consider the disadvantages of studying abroad. First, a student may feel lonely by being far home and friends. Also, difficulty in understanding a foreign language can be very disappointing and can affect the student's grades. It can be very expensive to pay the costs of travel and housing in a different country. Finally, if there is an emergency at home, it will be hard to get home in a hurry.

However, studying in another country is advantageous in many ways. A student is exposed to a new culture. This culture teaches him or her about other people and other way of thinking, which can be promote friendships among countries. He can learn an new language which may be beneficial for keeping up with research after student has finished studying. He can learn experience not available in his country. The student may also get the opportunity to study at a university where leading expert in his field may be teaching. The leading expert can introduce the student to the most up-to-date finding of the tops researches in the field. Exposure to such available knowledge and insights into the field can aid the student in becoming an expert as well.

41. _____ to study abroad.
 A. There are only disadvantages.
 B. There are only advantages.
 C. There are both advantages and disadvantages.
 D. There are neither advantages nor disadvantages.
42. When studying abroad, a student _____.
 A. is homesick and feel lonely
 B. spends a lot of money for accommodation and transportation
 C. cannot go home immediately in emergency.
 D. All are correct.
43. When studying abroad, a student is exposed to a new culture that _____.
 A. has no advantage.
 B. enriches his knowledge about people and other ways of thinking.
 C. has no effects
 D. causes some troubles
44. At a foreign university, a student _____.
 A. can learn a foreign language. B. cannot learn a foreign language
 C. has to learn his mother tongue D. doesn't have to learn a language
45. At a foreign university, a student may _____.
 A. meet his neighbor B. travel a lot
 C. meet a leading expert in his field D. All are correct

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

46. "Would you like to stay for dinner?" she asked me.
 A. He asked me if I liked to stay for dinner.
 B. She was very kind to offer me the dinner.
 C. He offered me a dinner.
 D. **She invited me to stay for dinner.**
47. "Whose car did you borrow last night?" I said to him.
 A. I said to him whose car did he borrow last night.
 B. I told him whose car had he borrowed the night before.
 C. **I asked him whose car he had borrowed the night before.**
48. *if / I / have / money / I / buy / a new suit*
 A. If I had enough money, I will buy a new suit.
 B. **If I have enough money, I will buy a new suit.**
 C. If I have enough money, I would buy a new suit.
 D. If I had enough money, I bought a new suit.
49. "Do you enjoy living in the city?" asked the man.
 A. The man asked if I enjoy living in the city.
 B. The man wanted to know if I enjoy living in the city.
 C. The man said whether I enjoy living in the city.
 D. **The man wanted to know whether I enjoyed living in the city.**
50. *what / foreign / languages / taught / are / in / schools / your / country?*
 A. **What foreign languages are taught in schools in your country?**
 B. What are foreign languages taught in schools in your country?
 C. What languages foreign are taught in schools in your country?
 D. What foreign languages are taught in your country in schools?

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 8

Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

- | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. | A. economic | B. experience | C. entertainment | D. introduction |
| 2. | A. achievement | B. communist | C. constantly | D. government |
| 3. | A. heavy | B. major | C. program | D. reform |
| 4. | A. production | B. consumer | C. domestic | D. business |
| 5. | A. hospital | B. inflation | C. policy | D. constantly |

Choose a, b, c, or d that best completes each unfinished sentence.

6. An 'A-level' in Mathematics or a/ an _____ qualification, is normally required.
 A. equal B. same **C. equivalent** D. like
7. At the age of sixteen he _____ for a place at the University of Harvard.
 A. expected B. submitted C. required **D. qualified**
8. GCSEs are often a requirement for taking A-levels, a common type of university _____ requirement.
A. entrance B. enclose C. attendance D. assessment
9. GCSE courses are _____ in a variety of subjects, which are usually decided by the students themselves.
 A. spent **B. taken** C. made D. looked
10. GCSEs are not compulsory, but they are the most common qualification taken by 14-16-year-old students.
 A. specialized B. fulfilled **C. required** D. applied
11. Secondary education is the _____ of education following primary school.
A. stage B. step C. level D. standard
12. Then he'll know exactly what's required _____ him. (esp passive)
A. of B. in C. with D. for

13. That language center has a wide variety _____ subjects for you to choose.
A. at B. upon C. **of** D. about
14. I admired him for being so confident _____ his age.
A. for B. **at** C. In D. on
15. She is a slow student. She seems to be unable to concentrate on anything in _____.
A. **particular** B. particularly C. particularity D. particularize
16. You should find a job to live _____ from your parents.
A. dependence B. independence C. independent D. **independently**
17. Those who do well on the test clearly have the _____ fluency.
A. require B. requirement C. **requisite** D. requiring
18. Most _____ students in _____ UK prepare carefully for A-level exams.
A. the / Ø B. **Ø / the** C. Ø / an D. the / an
19. Where is Peter? - He is at _____ school.
A. a B. an C. the D. **Ø**
20. _____ with my previous job, I would have won a higher promotion and I _____ in this unfortunate position now.
A. Unless I had stayed / I am not B. If I stayed / would not be
C. If had I stayed / will not be D. **Had I stayed / would not be**
21. If they _____ down that old opera house, we would not have any historical architecture left in the city.
A. tear B. **tore** C. torn D. were torn
22. I can't stand him. If he _____, I will quit.
A. **is employed** B. employed C. were employed D. had employed
23. Without my parents' support, I _____ my overseas study.
A. will not complete B. did not complete
C. had not completed D. **would not have completed**
24. _____ at home, I would enjoy my favourite show.
A. Suppose I am B. Unless were I C. **Were I** D. If were I
25. The man and his dogs _____ were buried in the demolished building after the earthquake have just been rescued safely.
A. which B. who C. **that** D. whom
26. Since the global industrialization, the number of animal species _____ have become extinct or nearly extinct has increased.
A. **which** B. when C. why D. whose
27. Of my students, Betty is the only one _____ has found a good job.
A. where B. **that** C. which D. whose
28. Have you ever visited New York harbor _____ the famous Statue of Liberty stands?
A. on where B. that C. on that D. **where**
29. Tell me the day _____ you want to leave.
A. which B. **when** C. in that D. where
30. That is the place _____ there used to be a monument.
A. **where** B. that C. why D. for which
31. I could not eat _____ I was very hungry.
A. **even though** B. in spite C. despite D. in spite the fact that
32. In spite _____, the baseball game was not cancelled.
A. the rain B. **of the rain** C. it was raining D. there was a rain
33. _____ he had enough money, he refused to buy a new car.
A. In spite B. In spite of C. Despite D. **Although**
34. _____, he walked to the station.
A. **Despite being tired** B. Although to be tired C. In spite being tired D. Despite tired
35. The children slept well, despite _____.

- A. it was noise B. the noise C. of the noise D. noisy

Error Identification.

36. The General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) is the name of a set of English qualifications, generally taking by secondary school students at the age of 15-16 in England.

- A B
C (taken) D

37. When GCSEs are taken in secondary school, they can often combined with other qualifications, or diplomas.

- A B C
D

38. If you decide to take any examination system, you should make contact with the Admissions Office to ask for an appropriate preparation for the subject whom you are planning to study.

- A B
C D

39. Entry standards at Cambridge University require students who have studied to the highest level available for school students, and having achieved top grades.

- A B C
D

40. If you have already decided on a course that you would like to study at university, or we recommend that you take a look at the course requirements first

- A B C (we)
D

Read the two passages carefully and choose the correct answer.

There is no age requirement for admission to Cambridge University, although the vast majority of undergraduates are 18 years' or older when they come into residence. All applicants will need to demonstrate that they have the maturity and personal skills to cope with university level study. A student who will be over 21 on commencing a course is classified as a mature student.

In previous years, the University has had minimum entrance requirements for all applicants, known as matriculation requirements. These included the need for a qualification in English, a language other than English, and a mathematical or scientific subject. These requirements will be abolished from 2009 entry onwards.

Cambridge applicants are encouraged to study either four or five Advanced Subsidiary (AS) levels in Year 12. Applicants taking four subjects will not be disadvantaged compared with those taking five subjects. The university administration would normally expect A grades in subjects which are particularly relevant to the course a student is applying for. More challenging offers may be set to ensure that an applicant can cope with pressure and the demands of exams.

Advanced Extension Awards (AEAs) are based on A level subject criteria and require no additional teaching or resources. They are designed to challenge the most able students and to provide opportunities for students to show logical and critical thinking skills and a greater depth of understanding than required at A level.

41. "*There is no age requirement for admission to Cambridge University*" means that _____.

- A. All students studying at Cambridge University must be under 18 years old
B. Any students can enter Cambridge University regardless of the age
C. Any students who are admitted to Cambridge University have to meet age requirement.
D. All Cambridge higher students must be more than 20 years old

42. To enter Cambridge University, students must be _____.

- A. very wealthy B. under the level of university study
C. mature and personally skillful D. very intelligent

43. What is not a matriculation requirement to enter Cambridge University?

A. A Bachelor of Art in Literature

C. A qualification in English

B. A language other than English

D. A mathematical or, scientific subject

According to the third paragraph, _____.

A. Studying at Cambridge University is not a difficult task.

B. Examinations at Cambridge University are very difficult.

C. Students at Cambridge University do not to encounter any pressure.

D. Cambridge University does not require examinations.

44. Advanced Extension Awards (AEAs) are for _____ students.

A. poor

B. foreign

C. elderly

D. good

Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.

Here are tips that help succeed in your job interview:

Always arrive early. If you do not know where the organization is located, call for exact directions (46)_____ advance. Leave some extra time for any traffic, parking, or (47)_____ events. If you are running late, call right away and let someone know. The best time to arrive is approximately 5 - 10 minutes early. Give (48)_____ the time to read your resume one more time, to catch your breath, and to be ready for the interview. Once you are at the office, treat everyone you encounter with respect. Be (49)_____ to everyone as soon as you walk in the door.

Wear a professional business suit. This point should be emphasized enough. First impressions are extremely important in the interview process. Women should (50)_____ wearing too much jewelry or make up. Men should avoid flashy suits or wearing too much perfume. It is also important that you feel comfortable. While a suit is the standard interview attire in a business environment, if you think it is an informal environment, call before and ask. Regardless, you can never be overdressed if you are wearing a tailored suit.

45. A. with

B. in

C. on

D. for

46. A. expected

B. unexpected

C. unexpectedly

D. expectedly

47. A. you

B. your

C. yours

D. yourself

48. A. pleasant

B. happy

C. disappointed

D. excited

49. A. avoid

B. suggest

C. enjoy

D. mind

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 9

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

1. A. danger

B. habitat

C. campus

D. cactus

2. A. breath

B. threaten

C. healthy

D. great

3. A. windsurfing

B. wilderness

C. rhino

D. philosopher

Choose the word whose stress is different.

4. A. possible

B. important

C. together

D. familiar

5. A. supportive

B. responsibility

C. responsive

D. repairable

Choose the right word or phrase to complete the sentences.

6. More and more trees in the area are found _____ from the effect of polluted air.

A. died

B. to be dying

C. having died

D. to be died

7. Martin tried on three jackets, _____fitted him.

A. none

B. none of which

C. none of them

D. all of them.

8. I _____ to the author if I thought he would publish the article.

A. write

B. am writing

C. would write

D. had written

9. After Mary _____ her degree, she intends to work in her father's company.

A. will finish

B. is finishing

C. finishes

D. will have finished

10. The water will be further polluted unless some measures _____.

- A. will be taken B. are taken C. were taken D. had been taken
11. A: Could you pick me up at 6 o'clock? ~ B: _____ I'm still at the meeting then.
A. I think I couldn't B. Yes, of course I could C. No problem D. I'm afraid not
12. A: I'm terribly sorry I behaved in such a childish way. ~ B : _____
A. Don't say that B. That's all right C. You're welcome D. Never mind
13. A football fan is _____ has a strong interest in football.
A. a thing that B. something that C. a person that D. what
14. He thought of his childhood _____ he worked in the country.
A. when B. where C. why D. which
15. The children are all _____ beautiful clothes on New Year's Day.
A. in B. on C. of D. at
16. Nowadays elephants are one of the _____ species in the world. They need protecting.
A. enlightened B. expensive C. endangered D. enlarged
17. What are the _____ between women's in old times and women in modern times?
A. differs B. different C. difference D. differences
18. In the past people believed that women's _____ roles were as mothers and wives.
A. nature B. natural C. naturism D. naturalist
19. A skilled _____ will help candidates feel relaxed.
A. interview B. interviewing C. interviewee D. interviewer
20. He has just arrived, but he talks as if he _____ all about that
A. know B. knows C. known. D. knew
21. Many of the _____ not expect to win.
A. participants in the race do B. participants in the races does
C. participants in the race does D. participant in the race does
22. He came home late, so I asked him where _____ been.
A. he had B. has he C. he has D. had he
23. If you take a good book on your hand, you will find it hard _____.
A. to pick it up B. to put it down C. to read it D. to enjoy it
24. An endangered species is a species _____ population is so small that is in danger of becoming extinct.
A. whose B. which C. what D. who
25. Emily is motivated to study _____ she knows that a good education can improve her life.
A. therefore B. because of C. because D. so
26. She didn't get _____ well with her boss, so she left the company.
A. up B. at C. through D. on
27. If I _____ cross a desert, I'd probably find a camel and a guide.
A. am to B. have to C. would D. had to
28. _____ number of boys were swimming in the lake, but I didn't know _____ exact number of them.
A. A / the B. The / an C. The / the D. A / an
29. The master _____ satisfied with his students' progress that he praised them in class.
A. was so B. was so that C. was such D. is such a
30. Come and sit down. Have a cup of tea, _____?
A. wouldn't you B. will you C. haven't you D. do you
31. Warm your _____ up before you jump into a swimming pool so that you won't be cold.
A. head B. arms C. feet D. body
32. She has made an _____ for the job as a nursery teacher because she likes children.
A. apply B. applicant C. application D. applied

Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting

33. George has not completed the assignment yet, and Maria hasn't neither.

34. As they grow older, children in many cultures taught not to rely on their parents.
 A B C D
35. After Tom returned to his house, he read a book.
 A B C D

Choose the sentence that is similar in meaning to the one given

36. "Do you believe in what the boy says, Mary?" said Tom.
 A. Tom asked Mary to believe in what the boy said.
 B. Tom asked Mary if she believed in what the boy said.
 C. Tom said that Mary believed in what the boy said.
 D. Tom asked Mary whether she believes in what the boy says.
37. John is fat because he eats so many chips.
 A. If John doesn't eat so many chips, he will not be fat.
 B. If John didn't eat so many chips, he would not be fat.
 C. John is fat though he eats so many chips.
 D. being fat, John eats so many chips.
38. People say he won a lot of money on the lottery.
 A. He is said that he won a lot of money on the lottery.
 B. He won a lot of money on the lottery, it is said.
 C. He is said to have won a lot of money on the lottery.
 D. He was said to win a lot of money on the lottery.
39. He was very tired but he kept on working.
 A. Despite he was very tired, he kept on working.
 B. In spite of he was very tired, he kept on working.
 C. Though his tiredness, he kept on working.
 D. Although he was very tired, he kept on working.
40. He asked me where I had bought those English books.
 A. He asked me, "Where had I bought those English books?"
 B. He said to me, "Where did you buy these English books?"
 C. He said to me, "Where I bought these English books?"
 D. He asked me, "Where did I buy those English books?"

Fill each of the numbered blanks in the following passage with suitable words

TEENAGERS AND SPORT

It's quite rare to meet teenagers who don't like sports. When you are young, you know how important (41)_____ to do physical exercise if you want to be healthy and strong, and for that reason you often concentrate on just one sport with so (42)_____ enthusiasm that in the end you can't live without it. The problem is, though, that as you grow up you have less and less spare time. At your age you have to study harder if you want to get good marks to go to university, with perhaps only one afternoon a week to do any sport. This happens just when you are at the best (43)_____ for many sports, such as gymnastics and swimming. By the time you finish all your studies you will probably be too old to be really good at sports like those, but if you spend enough time on (44)_____ while you are young, then one day you will find that you are very good at your sport but too old to study, and you will find it (45)_____ to get a good job. Somehow, it doesn't seem fair.

41. A. this is B. you are C. it is D. things are
 42. A. keen B. many C. great D. much
 43. A. stage B. age C. period D. time
 44. A. training B. practice C. exercise D. sporting
 45. A. impractical B. unlikely C. improbable D. impossible

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions below

THE WILD LIFE

Wild animals (and wild plants) and the wild places where they live are seriously **threatened** almost everywhere. One species has become extinct in each year of this century. But many hundreds are now in danger. Lack of attention would lead to the rapid advance of the process of extinction.

Already many kinds of wild animals has been so reduced in number that their role in the ecosystem is forgotten. Animals like the great apes, the whales, seals etc. thought to be in danger of extinction.

But even more important, perhaps than individual kinds of animals and plants, whole habitats are in danger of vanishing: marshes are being drained, and the world forests, especially tropical forests are being cut down to satisfy man's needs of timber and paper.

What would our world be like if all the wild animals and wild plants vanished?- Would our life still exist then?

46. What would happen to the human beings if the wild life vanished?
- Many species would quickly become extinct.
 - The human life would be seriously threatened.
 - Species would go on dying out.
 - Tropical forests would be cut down.
47. What is more important than individual kinds of animals and plants?
- the vanishing of whole habitats.
 - the extinction of many species.
 - the rapid advance of the process of extinction.
 - man's need of timber and paper.
48. What does the writer caution us against?
- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. cutting down the tropical forests. | B. hunting wild animals. |
| C. draining marshes. | D. destroying our environment. |
49. What would happen if we cut down forests? ~ Cutting down forests would cause _____.
- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| A. the changes of temperature. | B. the flood |
| C. both A and B are correct. | D. none are correct. |
50. The verb "**threatened**" in the passage means _____.
- | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| A. polluted | B. given fear to | C. vanished | D. poisoned |
|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 10

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently from that of the others in the group.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. A. project | B. support | C. secure | D. believe |
| 2. A. obedience | B. mischievous | C. biologist | D. decision |

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 3. A. <u>f</u> amily | B. <u>p</u> arents | C. <u>h</u> appy | D. <u>f</u> rankly |
| 4. A. mis <u>ch</u> ief | B. <u>b</u> elieve | C. <u>o</u> bedience | D. <u>n</u> iece |
| 5. A. sh <u>i</u> fts | B. <u>w</u> orks | C. <u>g</u> roups | D. <u>h</u> ands |

II. GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Choose the word, phrase or sentence a, b, c or d that best completes each unfinished sentence.

6. Many of our students come _____ poor families.
- | | | | |
|-------|--------|---------|---------|
| A. in | B. for | C. from | D. over |
|-------|--------|---------|---------|
7. Would you like to share your experience _____ the rest of the group?
- | | | | |
|---------|-------|----------|-------|
| A. with | B. to | C. among | D. of |
|---------|-------|----------|-------|
8. We are a very _____ family and support each other through any crises. [crisis]

- A. old-established B. well-to-do C. hard-up D. close-knit
9. –“Lorna, would you please drive me to class today? My car won't start”. – “_____.”
A. Yes, I would. B. I'd be glad to. C. No, I wouldn't. D. No idea
10. _____ most men, my father enjoys cooking.
A. Not alike B. Unlike C. Unlikely D. Dislike
11. Her family and friends have given her lots of _____.
A. support B. supports C. supporters D. supportive
12. My mother often cooks big meals, _____ we have leftovers for days.
A. however B. despite C. so D. because
13. Our parents join hands to give us a nice house and a happy home.
A. deal with B. manage C. help together D. work together
14. Mark enjoys having fun by causing trouble. He's a very _____ boy.
A. stubborn B. mischievous C. spoiled D. bright
15. I _____ the new Harry Potter book now, so you can borrow my copy if you like.
A. finish B. finished C. am finished D. have finished
16. As you _____ your car at the moment, can I borrow it?
A. don't use B. aren't using C. haven't used D. won't use
17. Look at the dirt on your clothes! _____ in the garden again?
A. Do you dig B. Are you digging C. Have you dug D. Have you been digging
18. In a break-in last week, the burglars _____ all my jewellery but left the picture.
A. took B. have taken C. had taken D. were taking
19. Come and see me when you _____ your report.
A. finish B. finished C. will finish D. had finished
20. _____ was one of the most difficult tasks pioneers faced on their journeys west.
A. Crossing rivers B. While crossing rivers C. Rivers being crossed D. By crossing rivers
21. Can you tell me who is responsible _____ checking passports?
A. to B. in C. about D. for
22. She is leaving her husband _____ she cannot put up with his bad temper any longer.
A. because B. so that C. although D. so
23. Steve is a married man. He enjoys _____ at home with his wife and children.
A. to be B. being C. be D. been
24. For security reasons, passengers are requested _____ any luggage unattended.
A. not to leave B. not leave C. not leaving D. don't leave
25. _____ irritating they are, you shouldn't lose your temper with your children.
A. No matter B. However C. Despite D. Because of
26. News _____ in of a large fire in central London.
A. is coming B. are coming C. have come D. come
27. Were you going to the language center _____ I saw you yesterday morning?
A. while B. if C. because D. when
28. If I _____ a lot of money, I'd definitely stop working.
A. win B. won C. would won D. had won
29. After he had finished his English course, he went to England _____ continue his study.
A. so as B. in order C. to D. and
30. I wish George _____ to Italy with us.
A. comes B. has come C. had come D. will come
31. Hardly anybody applied for the job.
A. Nobody applied for the job because it was hard.
B. Anybody found it hard to apply for the job.
C. Few applicants were suitable for the job.
D. There were very few applicants for the job.

32. I'm sorry that I didn't finish my homework last night.
A. If only I had finished my homework last night.
B. I promise to finish all my homework from now on.
C. I regret that I finished my homework last night.
D. I wish I didn't have to do my homework last night.
33. _____ successful as a husband than as a father.
A. He is more B. He is as C. He is so D. He is much
34. You can enrich your knowledge _____ to the radio.
A. to listen B. by listening C. because of listening D. despite listening
35. _____, I will have left for the USA.
A. Receiving this letter B. To receive this letter
C. You receive this letter D. By the time you receive this letter

Choose the underlined part in each sentence that should be corrected.

36. Average family size has increased from the Victorian era.
A B C D
37. They prefer to stay in their home country because family ties.
A B C D
38. In 1892, the first long-distance telephone line between Chicago and New York was formally opening.
A B C D
39. There are probably around 3,000 languages speaking in the world.
A B C D
40. The development of transistors made possible it to reduce the size of many electronic devices.
A B C D

Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement.

The nuclear family, consisting of a mother, father, and their children, may be more an American ideal than an American reality. Of course, the so-called traditional American family was always more varied than we had been led to believe, reflecting the very different racial, ethnic, class, and religious customs among different American groups.

The most recent government statistics reveal that only about one third of all **current** American families fit the traditional mold and another third consists of married couples who either have no children or have none still living at home. Of the final one third, about 20 percent of the total number of American households are single people, usually women over sixty-five years of age. A small percentage, about 3 percent of the total, consists of unmarried people who choose to live together; and the rest, about 7 percent are single, usually divorced parents, with at least one child. Today, these varied family types are typical, and therefore, normal. Apparently, many Americans are achieving supportive relationships in family forms other than the traditional one.

41. With what topic is the passage mainly concerned?
A. The traditional American family B. The nuclear family
C. The current American family D. The ideal family
42. The writer implies that _____.
A. there have always been a wide variety of family arrangement in the United States
B. racial, ethnic, and religious groups have preserved the traditional family structure
C. the ideal American family is the best structure
D. fewer married couples are having children
43. The word 'current' in line 7 could best be replaced by which of the following?
A. typical B. present C. perfect D. traditional
44. In the passage, married couples whose children have grown or who have no children represent _____.
A. 1/3 percent of households B. 20 percent of households
C. 7 percent of households D. 3 percent of households

45. Who generally constitutes a one-person household?

- A. A single man in his twenties
- B. An elderly man
- C. A single woman in her late sixties
- D. A divorced woman

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best fits each space in the following passage.

In an age when technology is developing faster than ever before, many people are being (36)_____ to the idea of looking back into the past. One way they can do this is by investigating their own family history. They can try to (37)_____ out more about where their families came from and what they did. This is now a fast-growing hobby, especially in countries with a (38)_____ short history, like Australia and the United States. It is one thing to spend some time (39)_____ through a book on family history and to take the (40)_____ to investigate your own family's past. It is quite another to carry out the research work successfully.

- 46. A. pushed B. attracted C. brought D. considered
- 47. A. lay B. make C. put D. find
- 48. A. fairly B. greatly C. mostly D. widely
- 49. A. seeing B. moving C. going D. living
- 50. A. idea B. plan C. purpose D. decision

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 11

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

- 1. A. attract B. clap C. wave D. hand
- 2. A. signal B. slightly C. polite D. excite
- 3. A. allowed B. passed C. argued D. raised

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently.

- 4. A. marvelous B. assistant C. maximum D. argument
- 5. A. apologetic B. communicate C. attention D. appropriate

Choose the best option to complete each of the following sentences.

- 6. While studying, he was financially dependent _____ his parents.
A. on B. to C. of D. from

7. It's rude to point _____ someone!
A. on B. out C. at D. up
8. The proposal will go ahead despite strong _____ from the public.
A. objections B. objective C. objectively D. object
9. Although I spoke to him many times, he never paid any attention _____ what I said.
A. of B. with C. for D. to
10. As you _____ the town, you'll see the college on the left.
A. come B. go C. approach D. get
11. After listening _____ all the arguments, I am now of the opinion that there should be no new road.
A. by B. for C. of D. to
12. The woman asked _____ get lunch at school.
A. can the children
C. if the children can B. whether the children could
D. could the children
13. Did they say they _____ me again?
A. will telephone B. have telephoned C. would phone D. had phoned
14. If he _____ rich, he _____ a lot.
A. is/would travel B. were/would travel C. was/ traveled D. had been/would travel
15. Someone told us _____ on the stairs.
A. don't sit B. not sit C. not to sit D. to not sit
16. All the students denied _____ anything about the matter.
A. to know B. knowing C. for knowing D. that they know
17. I asked him whose car _____ the previous day.
A. he had borrowed B. had he borrowed C. did he borrowed D. he would borrow
18. The office reminded us _____ the money.
A. pay B. paying C. to pay D. paid
19. Why did you object _____ the scheme for building a kindergarten in our neighborhood?
A. to B. against C. at D. in
20. _____ being a big star, she's very approachable.
A. As B. Despite C. Because of D. Due to
21. I make no _____ for encouraging my children to succeed in school.
A. apologize B. apologetic C. apologies D. apoplectic
22. "Would you mind lending me five dollars? I'm getting paid tomorrow." – "_____."
A. Not at all. B. Yes, thanks C. No, I don't mind. D. Good idea
23. "Mike, can you take these books back to the library for me? I'm running late." – "_____."
A. I'm late too. Sorry. B. No, I can. C. Never mind. D. I can
24. The doctor has advised _____ too much coffee.
A. me not drink B. I don't drink C. me not drinking D. me not to drink
25. _____ that we had to ask a police officer for directions.
A. So confusing the map was B. So confusing was the map
C. So was confusing the map D. Such confusing was the map
26. The more they produced and consumed, _____.
A. they were the more affluent B. the more affluent they were
C. they were affluent more D. they were affluent
27. They asked me _____ in Los Angeles then.
A. whether was my father working B. if my father was working
C. whether my father has been working D. was my father working
28. She regretfully told him that _____.
A. she would leave the tickets at home B. she left the tickets at home

C. she would have left the tickets at home D. she had left the tickets at home

29. Climbing without a safety rope is forbidden.

- A. You aren't allowed to climb without a safety rope.
- B. You don't permit to climb without a safety rope.
- C. You aren't forbidden climbing without a safety rope.
- D. You had better not climb with a safety rope.

30. Nigel hasn't got satellite TV, so he can't watch the game.

- A. If Nigel has satellite TV, he can watch the game.
- B. If Nigel has got satellite TV, he could watch the game.
- C. If Nigel had satellite TV, he could have watched the game.
- D. If Nigel would have satellite TV, he could watch the game.

31. Walking home alone is not a good idea.

- A. You can't walk home alone.
- B. You mustn't walk home alone.
- C. You don't have to walk home alone.
- D. You shouldn't walk home alone.

32. "Shall I help you with the washing-up, Jane?" John said.

- A. John told Jane to help him with the washing-up.
- B. John asked if Jane should help him with the washing-up.
- C. John suggested helping Jane with the washing-up.
- D. John offered to help Jane with the washing-up.

33. "What will you do if you have ten days off school?" he asked.

- A. He asked me what will I do if I have ten days off school.
- B. He asked what I will do if I have ten days off school.
- C. He asked me what I would do if I had ten days off school.
- D. He asked what would I do if I had ten days off school.

34. "You'd better apologize for being so rude," said my friend.

- A. My friend advised me to apologize for being so rude.
- B. My friend offered me to apologize for being so rude.
- C. My friend warned me to apologize for being so rude.
- D. My friend suggested me apologizing for being so rude.

35. "Good morning, Mary! How are you today?" Henry said.

- A. Henry said good morning Mary and asked how was she today.
- B. Henry greeted Mary and asked how is she today.
- C. Henry said good morning and asked Mary how she is that day.
- D. Henry greeted Mary and asked how she was that day.

Choose the underlined part in each sentence that should be corrected.

36. She says that she would have to close the shop unless business improves.

A B C D

37. Every teacher I've spoken to tell me that standards of spelling are in decline.

A B C D

38. They asked me how long did it take to get to Paris by train.

A B C D

39. My mother told me to watch the milk and don't let it boil over.

A B C D

40. Some engineers have predicted that, within twenty years, automobiles will be make almost

A B C

completely of plastic.

D

Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement.

Sometimes people add to what they say even when they don't talk. Gestures are the "silent

language" of every culture. We point a finger or move another part of the body to show what we want to say. It is important to know the body language of every country or we may be misunderstood. In the United States, people greet each other with a handshake in a formal introduction. The handshake must be firm. If the handshake is weak, it is a sign of weakness or unfriendliness. Friends may place a hand on the other's arm or shoulder. Some people, usually women, greet a friend with a hug.

Space is important to Americans. When two people talk to each other, they usually stand about two and a half feet away and at an angle, so they are not facing each other directly. Americans get uncomfortable when a person stands too close. They will move back to have their space. If Americans touch another person by accident, they say, "Pardon me." or "Excuse me." Americans like to look the other person in the eyes when they are talking. If you don't do so, it means you are bored, hiding something, or are not interested. But when you are stare at someone, it is not polite. For Americans, thumbs-up means yes, very good, or well done. Thumbs down means the opposite. To call a waiter, raise one hand to head level or above. To show you want the check, make a movement with your hands as if you are signing a piece of paper. It is all right to point at things but not at people with the hand and index finger. Americans shake their index finger at children when they scold them and pat them on the head when they admire them. Learning a culture's body language is sometimes confusing. If you don't know what to do, the safest thing to do is to smile.

[scold: rầy la; pat: vỗ nhẹ]

41. From the passage we can learn that_____.
- A. gestures don't mean anything while talking
 - B. It's confusing to understand a culture's body language
 - C. gestures can help us to express ourselves
 - D. American people often use body language in communication
42. If you are introduced to a stranger from the USA, you should _____.
- A. greet him with a hug
 - B. place a hand on his shoulder
 - C. shake his hand weakly
 - D. shake his hand firmly
43. American people often _____.
- A. show their friendship by touching each other
 - B. face each other directly when they are talking
 - C. say "Pardon me" to each other when they are talking
 - D. get uncomfortable when you stand or sit too close to them
44. When your friend give you a thumbs-up, he, in fact, .
- A. shows his rudeness to you
 - B. shows his anger to you
 - C. expresses his satisfaction to you
 - D. expresses his worries about you
45. Which of the following is NOT true about the culture of the United States?
- A. It's impolite to look the other person in the eyes while talking.
 - B. It's rude to look at the other person for a long time.
 - C. Pointing at someone is usually considered rude.
 - D. It's all right to raise your hand slightly when you want to attract the waiter's attention.

Choose the word or phrase that best fits each space in the following passage.

Years ago there were many social rules and etiquette procedures (46)_____ introductions. Some formal introductions between two people were (47)_____ by letter by third party. A person had to be very careful to weigh the importance of social class or status, age, and gender when deciding (48)_____ person should be presented or introduced to the other person first. (49)_____, times have changed, and most of the social rules about introducing older people to younger ones, women to men, and those in higher positions to those in lower positions have changed, too. Many people now feel much more (50)_____ about

making introductions.

Etiquette procedures: các thủ tục xã giao; gender: giới tính

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|
| 46. | A. involving | B. including | C. relating | D. mentioning |
| 47. | A. done | B. made | C. taken | D. served |
| 48. | A. that | B. who | C. whose | D. which |
| 49. | A. Therefore | B. In addition | C. However | D. Furthermore |
| 50. | A. anxious | B. relaxed | C. nervous | D. comfortable |

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 12

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | | |
|----|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | A. fu <u>ture</u> | B. re <u>sume</u> | C. <u>pressu</u> re | D. enthu <u>sia</u> sm |
| 2. | A. <u>h</u> onest | B. <u>h</u> umour | C. <u>h</u> onour | D. <u>h</u> our |
| 3. | A. whe <u>th</u> er | B. <u>th</u> ough | C. clo <u>th</u> es | D. enthu <u>sia</u> st |

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently from that of the others in the group.

- | | | | | |
|----|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| 4. | A. reduce | B. retail | C. repair | D. relate |
| 5. | A. advertise | B. qualify | C. recommend | D. interview |

II. GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

6. Since he went to university, Mike has become very interested _____ environment issues.
A. in B. on C. at D. for
7. How much you earn depends _____ how fast you can work.
A. in B. on C. of D. to
8. The job offer was too good for Jennifer to turn _____.
A. off B. away [dismiss] C. out [produce] D. down [reject or refuse]
9. A skilled _____ will help candidates feel relaxed.
A. interview B. interviewing C. interviewee D. interviewer
10. The company employs a _____ of nearly 5000.
A. workload B. workman C. workforce D. workout
11. She applied _____ the new post of training officer.
A. to B. for C. with D. by
12. People _____ can speak English can be understood in many countries.
A. whose B. who C. whom D. which
13. Do you remember Mr. Darnell, _____ taught us English Literature?
A. who B. whom C. that D. which
14. Violent tropical storms _____ occur in western Asia are called typhoons.
A. that B. it C. which it D. when it
15. Martin tried on three jackets, _____ fitted him.
A. none B. none of which C. none of them D. all of those
16. Yesterday we visited the City Museum, _____ I'd never been before.
A. which B. that C. to that D. to which
17. Bogota, _____ is the capital of Colombia, is a cosmopolitan city.
A. who B. which C. that D. where
18. Neil Armstrong was the first person _____ foot on the moon.
A. set B. setting C. to set D. who was set
19. Many of the pictures _____ from outer space are presently on display in the public library.
A. sent B. sending C. having sent D. that sent
20. Is that the man _____ was broken into two days ago?
A. whose house B. the house of whom C. who D. of whom the house

21. The reason _____ he was absent from school is that he had an accident.
A. why B. in which C. for D. which
22. She is not very keen _____ going to Spain again so soon for holidays.
A. for B. on C. of D. to
23. _____ accepting your offer, I'd like to know a bit more about the company.
A. In advance B. In order to C. Until D. Before
24. Fred's yearly income _____ since he _____ professions.
A. nearly tripled - changed B. nearly tripled - has changed
C. has nearly tripled - changed D. was tripled - changed
25. He was offered the job _____ his poor qualifications.
A. due to B. thanks to C. despite D. instead of
26. Jan appears _____ some weight. Has she been ill?
A. having lost B. having been lost C. to have lost D. to have been lost
27. _____ received law degrees as today.
A. Never so many women have B. Never have so many women
C. the women have never D. Women who have ever
28. We were made _____ hard when we were at school.
A. to study B. study C. studying D. studied
29. _____ a painter, but he also took an interest in the flight of birds.
A. Not only Rembrandt was B. Although Rembrandt was
C. Despite Rembrandt being D. Not only was Rembrandt
30. _____ In 1636, Harvard is one of the most famous universities in the Red States.
A. Founding B. Founded C. To found D. It was founded
31. Ricky Martin, _____ member of the band "Menu Do", attained great popularity in the late 1990s.
A. who a former B. a former C. was a former D. being former
32. Picasso, _____, lived until he was a ripe old age.
A. which inspired many other artists B. whose works inspired many other artists
C. inspired many other artists D. who was inspired many other artists
33. When did you last ride a bike ?
A. How often did you ride a bike ? B. How long is it since you rode a bike ?
C. What time is it since you ride a bike ? D. How much time did you ride a bike ?
34. I didn't use to like football.
A. I don't like football.
B. When I was young I liked football, but now I don't.
C. Once I didn't like football, but now I do.
D. I wasn't accustomed to football.
35. 'Would you like some coffee ?' Peter asked me.
A. Peter asked me if I liked coffee.
B. Peter offered to give me some coffee.
C. Peter asked me to make him a cup of coffee.
D. Peter wanted to know if I would like to make coffee.

Choose the underlined part in each sentence that should be corrected.

36. The manager sent on his new striker, whose scored a brilliant goal.
A B C D
37. No one has said anything would persuade me to change my mind.
A B C D
38. It took them at least two months learning how to pronounce these words.
A B C D
39. Helen Keller, who was both blind and deafness, overcame her inabilities with the help of her teacher, Ann Sullivan. A B C D

40. Lake Superior, that lies on the US Canadian border, is the largest lake in North America.

A B C D

Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement.

Dear Sir,

I wish to apply for the post of clerk in the World Tours Travel Company. I am 18 years old and attended Greenhill College from 1984 to 1988. I passed my School Certificate in History, Geography, Science, Maths and Arabic. Then I got a job as a junior typist in the New Asia Export Company.

I can speak a little English but I am much better at reading books and letters in English. I know how to use a calculator and I am good at maths.

I am able to get on well with different kinds of people and I like hard work. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Yours faithfully,

Nicolas Tolias (Ms)

41. What would Tolias like to do?

A. work for the World Tour Travel Company

B. work at the post office

C. teach at Greenhill College

D. apply for Greenhill College

42. She used to work _____.

A. for the World Tour Travel Company

B. as a clerk at the post office

C. as a typist in The New Asia Export Company

D. as a teacher at Greenhill College

43. She can do the following things except _____.

A. read English books and letters

B. use a calculator

C. do calculations

D. teach English

44. Which of the following is NOT TRUE about her?

A. She is at the age of eighteen

B. She is bored with hard work

C. she is friendly with people

D. She speaks English worse than she reads it

45. The phrase ' look forward to' is closest in meaning to _____.

A. expect

B. dislike

C. spend

D. enjoy

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best fits each space in the following passage.

What sort of job should you look for? Much depends on your long-term aim. You need to ask (46)_____ whether you want to specialize in a particular field, work your way up to higher levels of responsibility or (47)_____ of your current employment into a broader field.

This job will be studied very carefully when you send your letter of (48)_____ for your next job. It should show evidence of serious career planning. Most important, it should extend you, develop you and give you increasing responsibility. Incidentally, if the travel bug is biting, now is the time to pack up and go. You can do temporary work for a (49)_____ ; when you return, pick up where you (50)_____ left off and get the second job.

Incidentally: unexpectedly; pack up: stop

46. A. you

B. if

C. oneself

D. yourself

47. A. out

B. off

C. into

D. over

48. A. applicants

B. application

C. form

D. employment

49. A. day

B. time

C. while

D. ages

50. A. are

B. have

C. should

D. may

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 13

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. future

B. mature

C. pasture

D. nature

2. A. chore

B. ch much

C. ch technology

D. exchange

3. A. threaten B. earth C. health D. breathe

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently from that of the others in the group.

4. A. different B. terrorist C. contrary D. domestic
5. A. future B. burden C. device D. certain

II. GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

6. Many teenagers show signs of anxiety and _____ when being asked about their future.
A. depress B. depression C. depressing D. depressed
7. Constant _____ of attack makes everyday life dangerous here.
A. threat B. threaten C. threatening D. threateningly
8. No one can predict the future exactly. Things may happen _____.
A. expected B. unexpected C. expectedly D. unexpectedly
9. Someone who is _____ is hopeful about the future or the success of something in particular.
A. powerful B. optimistic C. stagnant D. pessimistic
10. There will be powerful network of computers which may come from a single computing _____ that is worn on or in the body.
A. device B. machinery C. equipment D. vehicle
11. Let's put off that meeting to next Monday.
A. postpone B. schedule C. arrange D. appoint
12. A nuclear station may take risk going off due to unexpected incidents.
A. demolishing B. exploding C. developing D. running
13. She is looking _____ a new place to live in because she does not want to depend _____ her parents any more.
A. for / on B. after / with C. up / forward D. at / into
14. I was brought _____ in the countryside by my aunt after my parents had pass _____.
A. on / over B. for / on C. on / off D. up / away
15. _____ industrialization, we have to cope with the fact that many species are in danger of extinction.
A. Despite B. In spite of C. But for D. Due to
16. He is very worried about his new job _____ he is not quite prepared for working.
A. although B. but C. because D. so
17. Up to now, _____ space exploring still remains _____ very risky, complex, and expensive endeavor. [endeavor: effort]
A. the / the B. a / the C. a / Ø D. Ø / a
18. Within _____ few years, _____ private space travel has gone from concept to reality.
A. Ø / an B. a / Ø C. the / a D. the / the
19. In the future, the number of tiny but _____ computers you encounter every day will number in the thousands, perhaps millions.
A. power B. powerful C. powerfully D. powered
20. What will the relationship between computing and _____ bring us over the next 15 years?
A. science B. scientific C. scientifically D. scientist
21. Not until the early 1900s _____ to vote in the United States.
A. women were allowed B. they allowed women
C. were women allowed D. when women allowed
22. _____ hungry, he stopped to buy a bar of chocolate.
A. Feeling B. To feel C. felt D. feels
23. Nowadays, young men with a technical education _____ because of the great demand for highly skilled workmen.
A. is well-paid B. should pay well C. are well-paid D. could pay well
24. It is no use _____ to school if you _____ to work hard.
A. going / do not ready B. to go / do not ready

prepared a genius or *to have a Miss World appearance*. Also, genetic engineering will allow us to mix plants and animals.

As computers have advanced, they have helped us remember, calculate, organize, and clarify. So it will become easier to deal with things, and much quicker. At a point in a future time, some may claim that computers become about as smart as Newton or Einstein. More advanced computers will be able to be creative, respond to feelings in a feeling way, develop intuition, recognize patterns, and suggest innovative alternatives. There is a hope if we choose to take action. We can select Internet information wisely, choose healthy computer games, limit our exposure to television commercials, and select television programs carefully. People will be aware of the importance of keeping active, getting outside to do more physical activities. We will also plan to make a major sacrifice the next time we buy a car, take the bus. Everybody will be more concerned about making environmentally friendly choices, eating healthy, and helping build a healthier society by shopping at better stores that sell better food.

Most people will be aware that a happy, loving family is a joy to be part of, and that it is a necessary foundation for building a strong society. But it is extremely important for our future that we maintain a healthy perspective. We need to value and appreciate the importance of what can be achieved by loving and committed parents. People need a strong foundation, so it is vital for our society that we encourage parents to work at creating love, joy, and happiness for their children in a decent, stable, and productive atmosphere.

41. How many aspects of life in the future are referred in the text?
A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four
42. Which aspect is not referred in the text?
A. Education B. Genetic Engineering C. Computers D. Family
43. The phrase *to have a Miss World appearance* means that _____.
A. to become a Miss World B. to enter a beauty contest
C. to be intelligent D. to be beautiful
44. According to the text, in the future, _____.
A. it will be difficult for us to select Internet information
B. people will prefer taking a bus to buying a car
C. food will not be sold at shops
D. TV viewers will not be able to escape from seeing a lot of advertising.
45. The last paragraph is about _____.
A. family and parents' responsibility in the future
B. children's education
C. children's health
D. how to build a strong society

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best fits each space in the following passage.

Over the next 20 to 50 years, it will become harder to tell the (46) _____ between the human and the machine. All body (47) _____ will be replaceable. Computers will function like the human (48)_____ with the ability to recognize feelings and respond in a feeling way. They will then produce fake people. We will then be able to create a machine duplicate of ourselves, (49) _____ we will appear to be alive long after we are dead. Maybe a few decades later, a way will be found to transfer our spirit, including our memories and thoughts to the new body. Then we can choose to live for as (50) _____ as we want.

46. A. variety B. change C. difference D. appearance
47. A. region B. place C. role D. parts
48. A. brain B. limb C. skull D. liver
49. A. such B. as C. so D. but
50. A. long B. far C. much D. soon

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 14**I. PRONUNCIATION**

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently from that of the others in the group.

1. A. education **B. compulsory** C. academic D. independent
2. A. secondary B. primary C. category **D. certificate**
3. A. Geography **B. university** C. technology D. methodical
4. A. require B. select **C. follow** D. divide
5. **A. academic** B. advanced C. achievement D. aggressive

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

6. The state school system can be divided _____ two levels of education: primary education and secondary education.
A. in **B. into** C. up D. with
7. _____ the end of the school year, students take an exam in each subject.
A. On B. To C. In **D. At**
8. Mr. Bush did not appear fully aware _____ the importance of this act.
A. to B. for **C. of** D. on
9. Does the quality of teaching depend _____ class size?
A. in **B. on** C. of D. up
10. Children are required to be in full-time education _____ the ages of 5 and 16.
A. at B. from **C. between** D. by
11. In Britain it is _____ for children to attend school between the ages of five and sixteen.
A. enforced **B. compulsory** C. obliged D. made
12. In spite of his poor _____, he was a most articulate speaker.
A. education B. educator C. educational D. educated
13. By the age of twenty-five he had _____ his ambition of becoming a pianist.
A. reached B. completed C. obtained **D. achieved**
14. Rarely _____ attracted so much media attention.
A. a debate has B. a debate was **C. has a debate** D. was a debate
15. The world's population _____ considerably since 1950.
A. is increasing B. increased **C. has increased** D. has been increased
16. Police _____ illegal drugs in a secret hiding place in the star's home.
A. reported to have found **B. are reported to have found**
C. are reported having found D. are reported they have found
17. As soon as the supplies _____, they will be distributed to the starving people.
A. arrives B. will arrive **C. arrive** D. arrived
18. When are you going to have the roof _____? It leaks quite badly.
A. repair B. to repair C. repairing **D. repaired**
19. It's a long time since London _____ in one of its infamous pea-souper fogs.
A. enveloped **B. was enveloped** C. has enveloped D. has been enveloped
20. Renoir, _____ paintings are considered masterpieces all over the world, is one of the most popular French impressionist painters.
A. who B. which **C. whose** D. where
21. Frozen food must be packed, _____ and stored when the fruit is ripe.
A. be frozen B. must be frozen **C. frozen** D. it must be frozen
22. If the level of VAT _____ this year, small business will be affected.
A. raise B. will raise C. raised **D. is raised**
23. They are believed _____ over 300 species of trees in El Yunque rain forest in Puerto Rico.

- A. to be B. being C. there are D. they are
24. _____ people applied for the position that we won't be able to make a decision for several weeks.
A. Too many B. So many C. A lot of D. The
25. _____ through a prism, a beam of white light beaks into all the colors of the rainbow.
A. When shines B. It shines C. It is shone D. When shone
26. _____ July 20th, 1969, Astronaut Neil Armstrong stepped down onto the moon.
A. In B. At C. On D. Since
27. Any child has the right to an education _____ of sex, religion, race, or nationality.
A. despite B. because C. regardless D. providing
28. The students were warned off the land _____ they tried to camp there.
A. because B. when C. if D. though
29. Were I rich, I _____ a hospital for the poor.
A. built B. will build C. have built D. would built
30. _____ catch up with his studies, he worked through the summer.
A. While B. In order to C. Despite D. Due to
31. He has received several scholarships _____ .
A. because of his academic and artistic ability B. for both his academic ability as well as his artistic
C. as resulting of his academic in the art D. in spite of his academic and artistic ability
32. She is a faster and more careless driver than I am.
A. She drives faster and more carelessly than I am. B. She doesn't drive as faster and carelessly as I do.
C. She drives faster and more careless than I do. D. She drives faster and more carelessly than I do.
33. I found a place to live in, but it was difficult.
A. I had difficulty to find a place to live in. B. I had difficulty in finding a place to live in.
C. I was difficult in finding a place to live in. D. I had difficulty to live in a place.
34. It was so noisy that nothing could be heard.
A. It was too noisy to hear nothing. B. It was too noisy for anything to hear.
C. It was too noisy for nothing to be heard. D. It was too noisy to hear anything.
35. Music doesn't interest Sonia.
A. Sonia isn't interesting in music. B. Sonia isn't interested by music.
C. Sonia takes no interest in music. D. Sonia is interested in music.

III. Choose the underlined part in each sentence that should be corrected.

36. Education is a subject which many British people deeply care about it.
A B C D
37. Most people believe that the state should be provided education free of charge and to a high standard.
A B C D
38. Recently, there has been a lot of debate about students have to pay their own fees at university.
A B C D
39. Seldom I have seen a child with so much talent.
A B C D
40. Roberta was the first person to be asked speaking at the meeting.
A B C D

IV. Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes each space of the passage.

Lindsay Lewis is married with four children. In 1969 he (41)_____ to Cambridge University and took a degree in economics. From 1972 to 1978 he taught (42)_____ India and Japan. He returned to England to do research at Bristol University. He has lived in Fairfield (43)_____ seven years and he is now the principal of a technical college. He was the chairman of Fairfield Education Committee in 1986. He was also a member of the Public Health Council for two years. In 1987 he (44)_____ his best essay on education. He always wants to improve (45)_____ and the government health services. His hobbies are swimming, playing chess, and collecting foreign coins.

- 41: A. go B. gone C. went D. goes
42: A. at B. for C. on D. in
43: A. during B. for C. since D. after
44: A. wrote B. writing C. written D. writes
45: A. education B. educator C. educational D. educate

V. Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement (or best answers the question) about each passage.

Parents send their children to school to prepare for the time when they grow up. Children learn their native language so that they will be able to communicate fluently with other people around them. Moreover, they can preserve the valuable culture and literature of their country. They learn foreign languages in order to benefit from other countries' heritage. The more foreign languages they learn, the more benefits they get. Children also learn mathematics to calculate, geography to know about nature, and history to know about human beings and historical events. Nearly everything they study at school has some practical uses in their life.

- 46: Parents send their children to school to _____.
A. learn English B. play better C. make them grow up D. prepare for their future
- 47: Why do children have to learn their native language?
A. To communicate fluently with other people around them.
B. To learn foreign languages.
C. To know about nature.
D. To benefit from foreign countries' heritage.
- 48: According to the passage, children learn history to know about _____.
A. the mankind B. people and historical events C. practical uses in life D. events of the history
- 49: How many school subjects are mentioned in the passage?
A. Four B. Seven C. Five D. Six
- 50: Most of the things children learn at school _____.
A. have some practical uses B. are useless
C. have no use D. are not necessary

ĐỀ 15

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. high B. thought C. though D. laugh
2. A. practised B. housed C. advised D. noticed
3. A. rented B. skated C. needed D. loved
4. A. cupboard B. luck C. institution D. much
5. A. hear B. bear C. beard D. near

Choose the correct answer to each of the following questions.

6. She takes the responsibility _____ running the household.
A. in B. with C. for D. of
7. I am thinking _____ my coming job interview.
A. on B. in C. of D. for
8. I'm sorry that I _____ to you for ages.
A. don't write B. didn't write C. haven't written D. was writing
9. I haven't seen you lately. Where _____.
A. did you go B. have you gone C. were you staying D. are you staying
10. The academic year in England _____ into three terms.
A. divides B. is divided C. are divided D. divide
11. In many Western societies, good eye _____ is often highly appreciated.
A. attention B. contact C. watching D. looking
12. The Chinese widen their eyes to politely express _____, whereas, the Europeans regard this expression as a sign of astonishment.
A. inattentive B. anger C. untrustworthy D. respectful
13. Young people should show respect for their ancestors and for _____ people.
A. older B. elder C. oldest D. elderly
14. If you _____ to go on studying at a university, you _____ pass the GCSE examination.
A. want/will B. want/ must C. had wanted/ would D. wanted/ would
15. The educational quality has been _____ improved. There are still many problems needing to be solved.
A. slowly B. slow C. fast D. quickly
16. I've just met Mary, _____ son studies at the same school as yours does.
A. who B. that C. whom D. whose
17. Do you think the coffee _____ is grown in the highland of Vietnam tastes better than that in other areas?
A. which B. which it C. where D. whose
18. I had to finish my homework last night _____ I was really so sleepy.
A. despite B. in spite of C. although D. because
19. Remember _____ your school certificates with you when coming to the interview.
A. bring B. bringing C. to bring D. of bringing
20. _____ a happy marriage should be based on love.
A. I believe in B. I believe that C. My belief is D. On my opinion,
21. Tom. "Your hairstyle is terrific, Mary" -Mary: " _____."
A. I think so B. Why do you say so?
C. Sorry, I don't like it D. Thanks. That's a nice complement
22. Tom. "Would you like something else?" -Lan: " _____."

- A. Yes, I like everything
C. Two, please.
23. Tim: "I would like to see a doctor" -Jackie: " _____ "
- A. I hope you'll feel better soon..
C. Near the station?
- B. That's all. Thank you
D. No, I wouldn't.
- B. It hurts a lot.
D. Have you got an appointment?
24. There will be _____ university in _____ centre of Ben Tre province in 2012.
A. an/a
C. a/ the
D. the/ the
B. a/ a
25. _____, you will not be able to study at higher education.
A. If you study harder
B. Unless you study harder
C. Unless studying harder
D. Even if you studied harder
26. _____, tuition fee here are quiet low and stable.
A. Although the increasing of goods prices
B. Despite the increasing of goods prices
C. Because the increasing of goods prices
D. Because of the increasing of goods prices
27. Working as a doctor would be fascinating job because I would have a chance to take care of people's health.
A. look after
B. pay attention to
C. focus on
D. heal
28. A survey was made to determine their attitudes towards love and marriage.
A. collect
B. resolve
C. know
D. choose

Choose the underlined part that needs corrections.

29. You're a great dancer. I wish I could do as good as you do.
A B C D
30. Those who practise English every day will have more chances to pass the English test than other.
A B C D
31. One of the most important measures to be taken to promote the development of a country is to constant carry out economic reforms.
C D
32. Applicants are required to sit for the National Entrance Examination before admitting to higher education institutions.
A B C D
33. According to some social studies, boys and girls mature five year earlier than people had 50 years ago.
A B C D

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer for each of the blanks

A job interview is a chance for you to (35) _____ that you can satisfy all the requirements of the job you are (36) _____ for. That is (37) _____ it is essential to be well-prepared for the job interview. Preparing means knowing about the industry, the employer, and yourself It also means paying attention to details like personal appearance, (38) _____, and demeanour. Before the interview, you should gather (39) _____ information about the company and the employer as you can. Not only (40) _____ appear informed and intelligent but also you will make a decision if a job offer eventually made. You might also want to prepare for answering questions by listing some of your attributes. Remember that appearance is very important. Whether we like it or not, it is the first thing people notice about us. You should match your dress to employees in the workplace (41) _____ you are applying. You should come on time for the interview. (demeanour: way of behaving)

34. A. suggest
B. prove
C. offer
D. recommend
35. A. applying
B. asking
C. begging
D. requiring
36. A. when
B. what
C. how
D. why
37. A. punctual
B. punctuality
C. on time
D. punctuate
38. A. so much
B. too much
C. as much
D. as many
39. A. you will
B. you
C. will you
D. do you

40. A. that B. which C. in that D. where

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to each of the questions

The system of USA education starts with twelve years of primary and secondary school education which the Americans have to follow. A secondary school ("high school") diploma or certificate is a compulsory requirement for the student to be able to enter college, university, vocational, secretarial or other professional and technical schools. American children who are around six years of age normally begin their learning at a primary school. It takes from five to six years to complete the primary schooling. After finishing the primary schooling, students will have to enter a secondary school where they may spend 6 or 7 year durations consisting of either two three- year programs, or a three-year and a four-year program. Schools at this level are known as Middle School or Junior High School and High or Senior High School. Completion of this stage is called Twelfth Grade. International students are advised to find out which level of education in their country corresponding to the twelfth grade in the US.A.

After completing the twelfth grade, students are admitted to college or university for higher education. Study at a college or university leading to the Bachelor's Degree is known as "undergraduate" education. Study beyond the Bachelor's Degree is known as "graduate" school, or "postgraduate" education. Advanced or graduate degrees include law, medicine, M.B.A. (Master), and Ph.D. (doctorate) etc.

The USA has the highest number of educational institutions providing higher education than any other country. There are more than 3800 colleges and universities imparting degree programs. The size of US. higher educational institutions varies greatly, too, from colleges that enroll fewer than 1,000 students to large universities that enroll more than 50,000 students.

41. If a US. student wants to enter a vocational school, he/ she must _____.
- A. have at least 12 years of secondary schooling.
 - B. get a high school diploma
 - C. complete a senior high school without its certificate.
 - D. complete two four- year programs at secondary school.
42. Schools at secondary level consist of _____.
- A. Middle Schools and High schools.
 - B. Middle schools and Junior High schools.
 - C. High schools and Senior High schools.
 - D. Junior and Senior schools.
43. According to the text, graduate students are those who _____.
- A. graduated from a high school.
 - B. are studying a college or a university.
 - C. are pursuing a Master or Doctorate program at university.
 - D. graduated from a college or a university.
44. If you want to study a Master program, you _____.
- A. must be a undergraduate student.
 - B. must get a Bachelor diploma.
 - C. must finish 'graduate' program.
 - D. must complete a Bachelor program at university.
45. According to the text, which statement below is TRUE?
- A. The USA has the best education in the world.
 - B. The number of the US. colleges and universities is higher than any other country.
 - C. International students whose level of education corresponds to the 12th grade in the USA can apply for any programs in a US. university.
 - D. International students are advised to apply for a US. high school before for a college.
46. According to the text, the size of an American college _____.
- A. is much smaller than that of a US. university.
 - B. is bigger than that of a US. university.
 - C. always has fewer than 1,000 students.
 - D. never has more than 1,000 students.

Choose the sentence which is closest in meaning to the given one.

47. "I'll give you a new bike if you pass the GCSE exam" said his mother.
A. His mother promised to give him a new bike if he passes the GCSE exam.
B. His mother promised to give him a new bike if he passed the GCSE exam.
C. His mother promised that she will give him a new bike if he passes the GCSE exam.
D. His mother promised of giving him a new bike if he passed the GCSE exam.
48. Both men want to remain silent.
A. Neither men want to speak. B. Neither man wants to speak.
C. Either men don't want to speak. D. Either man doesn't want to speak.
49. It is possible that some of the students saw the exam paper last week.
A. The exam paper can be seen by some of the students.
B. The exam paper may have been seen by some of the students.
C. The exam paper should have been seen by some of the students.
D. The exam paper is possibly seen by some of the students.
50. They moved to the district two years ago.
A. They have moved to the district for two years.
B. They have moved to the district since two years.
C. They did not move to the district until two years before.
D. They had moved to the district for two years.

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 16

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. concerned B. received C. attached D. concealed
2. A. smells B. cuts C. opens D. plays

Choose the word whose main stress pattern is put differently from that of the rest.

3. A. together B. occasion C. protect D. yesterday
4. A. honest B. prepare C. polite D. explain

Choose the best word or phrase to complete each of the following sentences.

5. I'm going to have my house _____ this weekend.
A. redecorate B. redecorating C. redecorated D. to redecorate
6. If the weather _____ worse, we'll have to cancel our camping trip.
A. get B. gets C. got D. will get
7. When I first came to this village, it was a quiet place. But since then a lot of houses _____.
A. had been built B. were built C. are being built D. have been built
8. It was _____ a simple question that everyone answered it correctly.
A. so B. such C. too D. very
9. He started going to school _____ the age of five. So now he's been at school _____ five years.
A. at / for B. at / since C. when / for D. by / since
10. Computers _____ to do a lot of jobs these days.
A. are used B. have used C. use D. are using
11. Preparing for a job _____ can be stressful.
A. interview B. interviewer C. interviewee D. interviewing
12. It is six years _____ we moved to Chicago.
A. when B. since C. after D. that
13. That author doesn't mind _____ by his friends.
A. to criticize B. to be criticized C. criticizing D. being criticized
14. Her husband _____ unemployed since they _____ to the countryside.
A. was / moved B. was / have moved C. has been / moved D. has been/have moved
15. Pupils are made _____ hard at school.
A. to work B. work C. working D. worked
16. She is the new television presenter _____ everyone is talking.

17. When she showed me the letter, I _____ her to throw it away.
 A. suggested B. advised C. insisted D. made
18. _____ all my warnings, he tried to fix the computer himself.
 A. Instead of B. In spite of C. Although D. Because
19. I don't know why the front door is open. I remember _____ it before I left.
 A. to lock B. locking C. to have locked D. being locked
20. If I _____ that there was a test yesterday, I would have revised my lesson more carefully.
 A. had known B. have known C. knew D. would know

Choose the best phrase to complete each of the following sentences.

21. Neither I nor my brother _____.
 A. is interested in collecting stamps B. are interested in collecting stamps
 C. is interested in collect stamps D. am interested in collecting stamps
22. If I had worked hard, _____ failed the exam.
 A. I would have B. I hadn't C. wouldn't I have D. I wouldn't have
23. He had to explain the lesson carefully _____ to understand it.
 A. in order that his students B. so that his students
 C. in order for his students D. for his students in order
24. Alex couldn't start his car because _____.
 A. he doesn't know where his key is B. where his key was he didn't know
 C. he didn't know where his key was D. he can't find his key

V. Choose the sentence that is nearest in meaning to the one printed before it.

25. He is too young to understand the problem.
 A. He isn't enough old to understand the problem.
 B. He is so young that he can understand the problem.
 C. He is old enough to understand the problem.
 D. He isn't old enough to understand the problem.
26. The last time my father played tennis was in 1990.
 A. My father has played tennis since 1990. B. My father started playing tennis in 1990.
 C. My father hasn't played tennis since 1990. D. My father has started playing tennis since 1990.
27. "Don't talk while I am explaining the lesson," the teacher said to the students.
 A. The teacher told his students did not to talk while he was explaining the lesson.
 B. The teacher told his students that they do not talk while he was explaining the lesson.
 C. The teacher told his students not to talk while he is explaining the lesson.
 D. The teacher told his students not to talk while he was explaining the lesson.
28. He didn't go to school because of his illness.
 A. He didn't go to school because he was ill. B. If he weren't ill, he would go to school.
 C. If he had been ill, he would not have gone to school. D. All are correct.

Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.

29. There were so much books in the library that I didn't know which one to choose.
 A B C D
30. Despite the sun was shining, it wasn't warm enough for our children to go swimming.
 A B C D
31. It is thought so that smoking should definitely be banned in public places.
 A B C D

Read the following passage. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to complete the passage.

Nowadays people are more aware that wildlife all over the world is in _____(32). Many species of animals are threatened, and could easily become _____(33) if we do not make an effort to protect them. There are many reasons for this. In some cases, animals are hunted _____(34) their fur or for other valuable parts of their bodies. Some birds, such as parrots, are caught alive and sold as pets. For many animals and birds, the problem is that their habitat is disappearing. More land is used for farms, for houses or industry, and there are fewer open spaces than there once were. Farmers use powerful chemicals to help them grow better crops, but

these chemicals pollute the environment and _____(35) wildlife. The most successful animals on earth – human beings – will soon be the only ones left unless we can _____(36) this problem.

32. A. danger B. threat C. problem D. dangerous
33. A. disappeared B. died C. dead D. extinct
34. A. with B. about C. for D. to
35. A. spoil B. harm C. would D. injure
36. A. answer B. solve C. explain D. calculate

Read the passage below, then choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

Each student at an engineering college in Canada gets a steel ring upon graduation in addition to graduation certificate.

There is a story behind the unusual ring. Several years ago, a graduate from this engineering college designed an iron-steel bridge. Unfortunately, because of many mistakes in his design, the bridge collapsed soon after it came into use. This event shook the engineering college. And the college authorities decided to take back the framework of the iron-steel bridge as raw material for making rings to give the students upon their graduation. The college wants the students to remember this lesson forever so as to avoid making such mistakes again.

37. Upon graduation each student is given a steel ring as _____.
A. a gift from the college B. a model to make design
C. a warning to avoid making mistakes in design D. a warning not to make an iron-steel bridge
38. The wrongly-designed iron-steel bridge was finally _____.
A. put into use B. sold at a low price
C. used again after repairing D. made into many steel rings
39. The ring is quite unusual because _____.
A. its design is excellent B. it is very expensive
C. it has a sad story D. it is different from others
40. The best title for the passage is _____.
A. A Great Mistake B. A Shocking Event
C. A Warning Ring D. A Lesson To Be Remember

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 17

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. pull B. bus C. sun D. brush
2. A. chew B. cherish C. chemical D. cheer
3. A. pilot B. ideal C. identify D. give

Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others:

4. A. simplicity B. equality C. difficulty D. discovery
5. A. company B. atmosphere C. customer D. employment

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in each sentence.

6. London is the city in _____ I was born.
A. where B. which C. that D. there
7. London is _____ of England.
A. a capital B. capital C. one capital D. the capital
8. - Hung: "Thank you very much for a lovely party" - Hoa: " _____"
A. You are welcome B. Thanks C. Cheers D. Have a good day
9. I remember _____ you somewhere before.
A. meet B. meeting C. met D. to meet
10. I haven't seen him _____.
A. many years B. many years ago C. for many years D. since many years
11. The children, _____ parents work late, are taken home by bus.
A. that B. whom C. whose D. their

12. If _____ a ticket, I could get in.
A. I'd have B. I had C. I have D. I've got
13. He has really worked hard so far, _____ he?
A. does B. has C. doesn't D. hasn't
14. This is Mary, _____ is taking over my job when I leave.
A. that B. which C. who D. whom
15. You will have to work hard if you want to _____.
A. success B. succeed C. successful D. successfully
16. If I had time, I _____ to the beach with you this weekend.
A. will go B. would go C. would have gone D. will have gone
17. I'd rather they _____ us the truth.
A. tell B. told C. would tell D. will tell
18. When I came, he _____, I was sad as I couldn't say "Good bye" to him.
A. was about to leave B. was leaving C. has already left D. had already left
19. We have _____ of time to catch the train so there's no need to rush.
A. very much B. enough C. great deal D. plenty
20. _____ you work much harder, you won't pass the exams.
A. Although B. If C. Unless D. When
21. In 1966, my brother _____ at Harvard university.
A. studies B. is studying C. studied D. had studied
22. English _____ in many parts of the world
A. speaks B. was spoken C. is speaking D. is spoken
23. Her car has broken down _____ is to walk to the nearest telephone
A. whatever she does B. which she's doing now C. all she can do now D. that she can do now
24. He said to me: "Don't sit on my chair!".
A. He said to me not to sit on his chair. B. He told me: not to sit on his chair.
C. He said to me not sit on his chair. D. He told me not to sit on his chair.
25. They have an apartment _____ the park
A. overlooking B. that overlooking C. overlooks D. overlooked
26. Most of the people _____ to the wedding banquet arrived late.
A. who inviting B. whom were invited C. invited D. invite
27. _____ an accident in the High Street, traffic is moving every slowly on the London Road.
A. Despite B. Because C. Since D. Owing to
28. Their _____ has lasted for more than 20 years.
A. friends B. friendship C. friendly D. friend
29. AIDS is a/an _____ disease
A. endanger B. danger C. endangered D. dangerous
30. Whether we go out will depend _____ the weather.
A. in B. about C. on D. with
31. The children _____ to the zoo.
A. were enjoyed taking B. were enjoyed taken
C. enjoyed taking D. enjoyed being taken
32. I don't have my own room. I have to _____ the bedroom with my elder brother.
A. divide B. share C. separate D. live
33. If the bus to the airport _____ so late, we'd have caught the plane.
A. weren't B. hadn't been C. haven't been D. wouldn't be
34. The equipment in our office needs _____.
A. moderner B. modernizing C. modernize D. modernization
35. I _____ television a lot but I don't any more.

- A. was watching B. was used to watch C. used to watch D. have been watching

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage:

When you are in front of a large audience, do you often think of your image? How important is image? Obviously film stars have to look right for the part, but what about other people in _____ (36) public eye? For example, do politicians have to think about _____ (37) appearance, too? Albert Mehrabian studied the effect that speakers have their audience. His research showed _____ (38) only 7% of the effect depends on what you say; 38% of the effect comes from your voice; but a huge 55% of the effect comes from your appearance. So _____ (39), you don't have to worry too much about content! Your voice and your appearance are much more important. The clothes you wear, the eye contact and smile you _____ (40) your listeners - all contribute to creating positive impression on the audience.

36. A. its B. the C. an D. a
37. A. they B. theirs C. them D. their
38. A. when B. how C. that D. which
39. A. there B. in that C. in conclusion D. in fact
40. A. give B. have C. keep D. remain

Choose the correct sentence which has the same meaning as the given one.

41. John applied for the job even though he has no experience in the field.
A. John didn't apply for the job if he had experience in the field.
B. Because of his experience in the field, John applied for the job.
C. John was unable to apply for the job because he was inexperienced in the field.
D. In spite of his inexperience in the field, John applied for the job.
42. The last time when I saw her was three years ago.
A. I have often seen her for the last three years.
B. About three years ago, I used to meet her.
C. I have not seen her for three years.
D. I saw her three years ago and will never meet her again.
43. It is the earth's gravity that gives us our weight.
A. If there were not the earth's gravity, we would be weightless.
B. Due to the earth's gravity we cannot weigh anything.
C. We are overweight because of the earth's 'gravity'.
D. The earth's gravity is given weight by people.
44. Barry continued to smoke even though we had advised him to quit.
A. Barry took our advice so he stopped smoking.
B. If we had advised Barry, he would have quit smoking.
C. Barry did not quit smoking because of our advice.
D. Despite being told not to smoke, Barry continued to do.
45. Many people think Steve stole the money.
A. It was not Steve who stole the money.
B. Steve is thought to have stolen the money.
C. Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.
D. The money is thought to be stolen by Steve.

Read the passage below carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D:

In the future, maybe all cars that run on petrol will be replaced by solar cars, which have been around for a while, but with recent developments in solar car design and the measurement of photovoltaic cells becoming smaller, the dream of a truly efficient solar car is more reality than fantasy. A solar car is a vehicle powered by photovoltaic cells, also called solar cells, which convert sunlight (light energy) into electrical energy. As a source of energy on earth, there is nothing like the sun: in a mere one thousandth of one second (.001), the sun emits enough energy to fulfill our planet's energy

needs for the next 5,000 years. It is a staggering fact, and an exciting one. Since the energy from the sun is responsible for renewable resources such as wind, tides, and heat, solar energy seems to offer the brightest future for not only cars, but for the entire energy crisis. Despite the appearance that solar energy may be the least feasible among the current crop of alternative fuel propositions, new solar powered devices and more specifically solar powered cars are beginning to be developed. How do Solar. Cars work?

The photo-voltaic cells absorb photons from sunlight. This action generates heat, which the cells then convert into electrical energy and stores in an on-board battery. This process of conversion is called the photovoltaic effect. Not surprisingly, such a vehicle has zero emissions, and is very environmentally friendly. Unfortunately, at the moment photovoltaic cells are extremely inefficient, yet as time progresses the efficiency of these cells will grow. This will make solar energy and solar cars the fuel and car of the future-a closer reality.

46. According to the text, _____.
- A. up to now, we have designed some solar cars
 - B. solar cars have been very popular for many years
 - C. we have not produced any solar cars yet
 - D. solar cars are not as much appreciated as other kinds of car
47. A solar car is supplied power from _____.
- A. gas
 - B. petrol
 - C. photovoltaic cells
 - D. electricity
48. Which can not help us to solve the problem of energy crisis?
- A. wind
 - B. tide
 - C. the sun
 - D. heat from the moon
49. According to the text, _____.
- A. no powered solar devices have been developed so far
 - B. besides solar car, we have also developed solar powered device
 - C. solar energy plans are more feasible than wind energy plans
 - D. tide can supply more energy than the sun
50. The photovoltaic effect is _____.
- A. the process of operating a solar car
 - B. the process of absorbing photons from the sun
 - C. the developing of solar cars and solar powered devices
 - D. the converting of heat from the sun into electricity

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 18

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. most B. official C. both D. hold
2. A. stimulated B. mended C. arrived D. decided
3. A. thought B. think C. thin D. though

Choose the word whose main stress is placed differently from that of the rest.

4. A. actually B. library C. carefully D. material
5. A. example B. computer C. however D. magazine

Choose the correct answer to each of the following questions.

6. I'm not going to the party _____ I know that I should.
- A. although
 - B. because
 - C. despite
 - D. if
7. _____ the cold weather, the match will go ahead.
- A. Despite
 - B. In spite
 - C. Although
 - D. Because
8. We saw the girl _____ you say is very beautiful.
- A. which
 - B. whose
 - C. whom
 - D. who
9. I can't play _____ piano, but I can play _____ guitar.

- A. the / a B. the / the C. a / the D. an / a
10. French _____ in Quebec, Canada.
A. speaks B. is spoken C. spoken D. spoke
11. I got a job _____ my bad English.
A. in spite of B. because C. if D. although
12. The house _____ six decades ago.
A. was building B. will be built C. was to be built D. was built
13. We _____ the game if we'd had a few more minutes.
A. might have won B. had won C. won D. will win
14. Hearing she was _____ of work took me by surprise.
A. in B. under C. on D. out
15. I haven't seen him _____ .
A. last year B. since many years C. for many years D. many years ago
16. Do you know the reason _____ the English drive on the left.
A. when B. where C. why D. which
17. Farmers can protect their land by _____ different crops on the same land.
A. grow B. growing C. grew D. Grown
18. Martin grew to be very _____ of her pet snake.
A. keen B. satisfied C. interested D. fond
19. The princess was happy during the years _____ she lived with the fairy.
A. when B. in which C. where D. that
20. After you graduate from university, you still have to go on _____.
A. studying B. studied C. study D. studies
21. Windmills _____ by the Persians around 1500 years ago.
A. are invent B. are invented C. were invented D. invented
22. If I _____ you, I _____ silent.
A. am/ will keep B. were /would keep C. were/ kept D. was/ keep
23. He says that he _____ his homework since 5 o'clock.
A. did B. has done C. was doing D. had done
24. Jane said she _____ 20 the following week
A. would be B. is C. will be D. was
25. My daughter / spend / two hours / study / mathematics / every day.
A. My daughter spent two hours studying mathematics every day.
B. My daughter spent two hours to study mathematics every day.
C. My daughter spends two hours studying mathematics every day.
D. My daughter spends two hours to study mathematics every day.
26. it / necessary / us / think / about / this matter.
A. It's necessary for us to think about this matter carefully.
B. To think about this matter carefully it necessary for it.
C. It's for us to think about this matter carefully necessary.
D. For us to think about this matter carefully it's necessary.

Choose the underlined part that needs corrections.

27. A great country can grows from a small colony.
A B C D
28. The teacher suggested having an discussion on the topic.
A B C D
29. English is spoken as the international language in the Australia.
A B C D
30. I enjoy to cook for these five hungry children.
A B C D

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer for each of the blanks

Many people think that we can learn a lot about the culture of a foreign country simply by living in that country. ___31___, this is not necessarily true. Often the longer we stay in a foreign country, the more we realize how little ___32___ actually know about the culture of that country. Books and talks about other people's culture can even ___33___ dangerous because they concentrate on cultural differences and exaggerate national characteristics; sometimes a lot of the information ___34___ contain is true.

In a survey recently carried out in Britain, people were asked to make a list of any thing which they thought was typical of Britain and would interest foreign visitors there. Most of ___35___ mentioned Shakespeare, the Queen, village inns, English folk dancing, football hooligans, umbrellas, English castles, cricket and fish and chips.

31. A. So B. Although C. Unless D. However
 32. A. you B. one C. they D. we
 33. A. to be B. be C. being D. will be
 34. A. which B. they C. in that D. that
 35. A. their B. theirs C. themselves D. them

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to each of the questions

Smoking is not as common in American as in many other countries. Generally, Americans smoke less than Europeans and much less than Asians. It is a practice that is becoming less and less socially acceptable.

Smoking is prohibited in many places. It is not allowed in any public buildings, on any public transportation (including airplane flights within the United State), in shops, in movies theaters, schools, and office buildings. The general rule is if you are indoors, then you probably are not allowed to smoke. The exceptions are bars, nightclubs, and some restaurants. If a restaurant does allow smoking, it will only be in an area that is designated for smokers. If you are with someone, even outdoors, it is polite to ask if they mind before you start smoking. *[designate: select/ indicate]*

The legal smoking age in America is 18. If you are buying cigarettes (or another tobacco product) and you look young, the store clerk is required by law to ask you for proof of legal age. You should be prepared to provide identification.

36. The main idea of the passage is _____.
 A. Smoking is becoming less and less socially acceptable.
 B. Smoking is becoming more and more socially acceptable
 C. Smoking is good for your health D. Smoking is allowed everywhere
37. The legal smoking age in America is _____.
 A. 15 B. 16 C. 17 D. 18
38. It is _____ to ask before you start smoking.
 A. polite B. impolite C. rude D. unkind
39. You are NOT allowed to smoke in.
 A. bars B. nightclubs C. some restaurants D. public buildings
40. The people in _____ are NOT mentioned in the passage.
 A. Asia B. America C. Africa D. Europe

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 19

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. eats B. dates C. days D. kits
 2. A. played B. waited C. phoned D. involed
 3. A. end B. express C. expensive D. central
 4. A. increase B. position C. pleasure D. reason
 5. A. lakes B. houses C. photographs D. cakes

Choose the best option:

6. _____ is a family unit that consists of a father, a mother, and their children.
 A. extended family B. **nuclear family** C. single-parent family D. big family
7. There weren't any _____ in the company for secretaries.

- A. situations B. species C. vacancies D. locations
8. We can use either verbal or non- verbal forms of communication to _____ someone's attention.
A. get B. attract C. pay D. both A and B
9. _____ where all children can attend without paying fees.
A. Public schools B. State schools C. Independent schools D. both A and C
10. She's keen _____ playing with dolls.
A. on B. at C. of D. with
11. Helen asked me _____ the film called " Star Wars".
A. have I seen B. have you seen C. if I had seen D. if had I seen
12. They were too late. The plane _____ off ten minutes earlier.
A. took B. has taken C. had taken D. was taking
13. How long ago _____ Susan?
A. did you see B. you saw C. have you been seeing D. would you see
14. How _____ since we _____ school?
A. are you/left B. have you been/.have left C. were you/left D. have you been/left
15. If I had had a car, I _____ you.
A. would lend B. would have lent C. will lend D. would have lended
16. He said that he _____ his bicycle.
A. has lost B. loses C. had lost D. lost
17. How are you? I haven't seen you _____ ages.
A. since B. for C. in D. at
18. When I came home, my father _____ a magazine.
A. read B. reads C. was reading D. has read
19. The boy _____ to the hospital yesterday is my brother.
A. taken B. taking C. was taken D. take
20. If I _____ a billionaire, I would help the disabled.
A. was B. be C. am D. were

Which sentence expresses the same idea as the given one ?

21. " Don't play video games all the time!" he said.
A. He told the boy not to play video games all the time.
B. He said to the boy not play video games all the time.
C. He told to the boy not to play video games all the time.
D. He said the boy not play video games all the time.
22. " Where are you going ?" he asked her.
A. He asked her where she is going. B. He asked her where you were going.
C. He asked her where was she going. D. He asked her where she was going.
23. They spent a lot of money on food and clothes.
A. Money was spent a lot on food and clothes. B. A lot of money was spent on food and clothes.
C. A lot of money were spent on food and clothes. D. A lot of money on food and clothes were spent.
24. It has been a long time since they met.
A. They haven't met since a long time. B. They haven't met for a long time.
C. They didn't meet for a long time. D. They didn't meet for a long time ago.
25. "They will build a new school in our town."
A. A new school will be build. B. A new school is built in our town.
C. A new school will be built in our town. D. A new school will be build in our town.

Read the passages below and choose the correct answer among A, B, C, D.

Ever since humans have inhabited the earth, they have made us of various forms of communication. Generally, this expression of thoughts and feelings has been in the form of oral speech. When there is a language barrier, communication accomplished through sign language in which motions stand for letters, words, and ideas. Tourists, the deaf, and the mute have had to resort to this form of expression. Many of these symbols of whole words are very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally; spelling, however, cannot.

Body language transmits ideas or thoughts by certain actions, either intentionally or unintentionally. A wink can be a way of flirting or indicating that the party is only joking. A nod signifies approval, while shaking

the head indicates a negative reaction. Other forms of nonlinguistic language can be found in Braille (a system of raised dots read with the fingertips), signal flags, Morse code, and smoke signals. Road maps and picture signs also guide, warn, and instruct people.

While verbalization is the most common form of language, other systems and techniques also express human thoughts and feelings.

26. Which of the following best summarizes this passage ?
- A. **When language is a barrier , people will find other forms of communication.**
 B. Everybody uses only one form of communication.
 C. Nonlinguistic language is invaluable to foreigners.
 D. Although other forms of communication exist, verbalization is the fastest.
27. Which of the following statements is not true?
- A. There are many forms of communication in existence today.
 B. Verbalization is the most common form of communication.
 C. **The deaf and mute use an oral form of communication.**
 D. Ideas and thoughts can be transmitted by body language.
28. Which form other than oral speech would be most commonly used among blind people ?
- A. picture signs B. **Braille** C. body language D. signal flags
29. How many different forms of communication are mentioned here ?
- A. 5 B. 7 C. **9** D. 11
30. Sign language is said to be very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally except for _____.
- A. **spelling** B. ideas C. whole words D. expressions

ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE SINCE “DOI MOI”

The “ Doi Moi” policy has produced remarkable economic success. Macroeconomic and structural reforms initiated in the late 1980s (31) _____ stabilized the economy and yielded high levels of income growth. Not only has the economic decline of the 1980s been halted, but Vietnam has also become one of the fastest growing economies in the world with widespread and visible improvements in living (32) _____ for the large portion of the country’s population.

HIGH AND STABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH

Despite the adverse impacts of the regional economic crisis that (33) _____ out in 1997, the country’s GDP increased by an average of 7% per year during the 1994-2004 period. The growth (34) was 8,4 % in 2005.

The share of GDP by economic sectors has been changing (35) _____. As a proportion of the economy, agriculture has (36) _____ to 21.8% in 2004 from 40.8% in 1990. Industry (including construction) (37) _____ up 40.1% of the economy, up from 22.8% in 1990 while the share of services increased slightly from 36.4% (38) _____ the same period. New services are (39) _____ and expanding rapidly, such as insurance, auditing, consultancy, business development services (40) _____ technology transfer.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 31. A. has | B. have | C. become | D. get |
| 32. A. costs | B. levels | C. standard | D. scales |
| 33. A. broke | B. took | C. acted | D. came |
| 34. A. rank | B. amount | C. number | D. rate |
| 35. A. well | B. positively | C. better | D. brightly |
| 36. A. climbed | B. moved | C. dropped | D. been |
| 37. A. took | B. made | C. put | D. look |
| 38. A. during | B. between | C. at | D. while |
| 39. A. existing | B. coming | C. emerging | D. showing |
| 40. A. too | B. as well | C. also | D. and |

----- THE END -----

ĐỀ 20

Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced differently from that of the rest:

1. A. worked B. missed C. realized D. watched
 2. A. walks B. helps C. cuts D. begins

Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest

3. A. apology B. communicative C. attention D. appropriate
 4. A. verbal B. polite C. common D. social

Choose the underlined part among A, B, C or D that needs correcting

5. Jane asked Brian if had he ever been to South-east Asia.
 A B C D
 6. Hung used to living in Ha Noi when she was a child.
 A B C D
 7. Many couples who work must hire someone to take care of their children for they.
 A B C D
 8. Fortunate, he met an old man on the street and asked him the way to the post office.
 A B C D

Choose the best option.

9. Whenever problems come up, we discuss frankly and find solutions quickly.
 A. happen B. encounter C. clean D. arrive
 10. Ten pounds _____ too much to pay.
 A. are B. is C. were D. being
 11. In most social situations where some _____ is allowed, a brief raise of the hand and a small wave is fine.
 A. informal B. informally C. inform D. informality
 12. A number of students _____ volunteered to the job.
 A. has B. having C. have D. to have
 13. "Don't forget to post my letter, will you, Sue?" Diana _____ .Sue to post her letter
 A. remembered B. reminded C. ordered D. advised
 14. I knew I _____ well in my exams even before I _____ the official results.
 A. have done/received B. had done/received C. did/had received D. was doing/received
 15. She said she _____ .
 A. was very tired the night before B. had been very tired last night
 C. had been very tired the night before D. was very tired last night
 16. Tom: "I passed my exam". -Jerry: " _____"
 A. Good luck B. Thanks C. Congratulations! D. Oh. I don't think so
 17. "How beautiful is the dress you have just bought!" Peter said to Mary.
 A. Peter promised to buy Mary a beautiful dress.
 B. Peter said thanks to Mary for her beautiful dress.
 C. Peter asked Mary how she had bought her beautiful dress.
 D. Peter complimented Mary on her beautiful dress.
 18. She started working three months ago.
 A. She had been working for three months. B. It is three months since she started her work.
 C. It's three months that she worked for. D. She is working here for three months now.
 19. Tom: "What a beautiful shirt you have!" - Jerry: " _____"
 A. No, thank you B. No, it's not beautiful at all.
 C. I'm happy you like it D. You're very happy today
 20. I don't have my own room. I have to share my bedroom _____ my elder brother.
 A. upon B. for C. on D. with
 21. Would someone _____ the responsibility for bringing Paul home?
 A. give B. put C. take D. make
 22. By the end of next year, Mr. Park _____ for this company for 35 years.
 A. will work B. will have worked C. has worked D. will be working
 23. All flights were cancelled because of fog.
 A. All flights were because of fog cancelled.
 B. All flights because of fog were cancelled.

- C. All flights were cancelled by them because of fog
 D. They cancelled all flights because of fog.
24. Sunday is the day _____ I go to Water park with my kids.
 A. when B. where C. which D. why
25. Most doctors and nurses have to work on a _____ once or twice a week.
 A. solution B. special dishes C. household chores D. night shift
26. Jim, why don't you take some time off? You _____ too hard lately. Take a short vacation.
 A. were working B. have been working C. are working D. worked
27. He works hard _____ help his family.
 A. in order that B. in order to C. so as to D. B&C
28. The teacher told Joe _____.
 A. stop talking B. stopped talking C. to stop talking D. stops talking
29. A new hospital _____ next year.
 A. will be built B. will build C. is built D. has been built
30. When I _____. Tom tomorrow, I _____ him of that.
 A. will see / will remind B. see/ will remind
 C. will see / remind D. see/ remind
31. I haven't seen my aunt for years.
 A. The last time I met my aunt since years ago. B. I haven't met my aunt for long ago.
 C. I didn't see my aunt years ago. D. I last saw my aunt years ago.
32. A large number of Indian men agreed that it was unwise to confide _____ their wives.
 A. of B. in C. on D. with
33. Tom: "How do you do?" - Jerry: " _____ "
 A. No, thanks B. How do you do? C. I'm well D. Yes, OK
34. _____ ink in my pen is red.
 A. Ø B. a C. an D. the
35. 'No, it's not true, I didn't steal the money!'. Jane _____ stealing the money.
 A. refused B. suggested C. denied D. promised not

Read the following passage and choose the best word of phrase to complete each blank :

VOLUNTEERS ABROAD

More and more young people are (36)_____ voluntary work abroad. The wide variety of jobs and destinations available is making it an increasingly attractive option for those who have just left school and have a year free before university. Many choose to spend these twelve months (37)_____ in poor countries. There they will earn little (38)_____ no money. But they will be doing something useful - and enjoying the experience.

The work may (39)_____ of helping the local communities, for example by helping to build new road or provide water supplies to isolated rural villages. Other projects may concentrate more on (40)_____ or environmental protection. Whatever kind of job it is, it is certain to be challenging and worthwhile and an experience that will never be forgotten.

36. A. doing B. getting C. making D. taking
 37. A. worked B. work C. to work D. working
 38. A. or B. with C. and D. but
 39. A. involve B. contain C. consist D. include
 40. A. conserving B. to conserve C. conservation D. conserve

-----THE END-----

Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

1. A. attendance B. eruption C. company D. promotion
2. A. disappoint B. tolerate C. satisfy D. occupy

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

3. A. great B. meat C. seat D. heat
4. A. scholarship B. chips C. chief D. chill

Choose the word, phrase or sentence a, b, c or d that best completes each unfinished sentence.

5. She has become very _____ for her novels.
A. useful B. late C. available D. famous
6. Water is colourless and _____.
A. careless B. useless C. hopeless D. odourless
7. Do you know the reason _____ the English drive on the left?
A. which B. why C. when D. where
8. Preserving _____ resources is very important.
A. internal B. underground C. central D. natural
9. The air has become more and more polluted because of exhaust fumes from vehicles.
A. preserved B. wasted C. contaminated D. conserved
10. Thank you. It was very kind _____ you to help me.
A. with B. for C. to D. of
11. English is spoken as the _____ language in Australia.
A. second B. international C. first D. foreign
12. We need more sugar. There is _____ sugar in the pot.
A. little B. many C. any D. Much
13. I remember _____ you about this before.
A. to tell B. told C. telling D. tell
14. Mary always takes good care _____ her children.
A. to B. with C. of D. for
15. Farmers can protect their land by _____ different crops on the same land.
A. grew B. growing C. grow D. grown
16. Some species of rare animals are in _____ of extinction.
A. dangerous B. danger C. endanger D. dangerously
17. Some large cities have had measures to minimize air pollution.
A. recover B. replace C. reduce D. restore

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

18. A few (A) of English learners (B) have real chances (C) using (D) it every day.
19. Many (A) factories recycle (B) old newspapers by de-inking (C) and pulping it. (D)
20. I regret (A) informing (B) you that we cannot (C) accept your application. (D)
21. My friend's (A) son is (B) very quick about (C) learning foreign languages. (D)

Choose the sentence whose meaning is closed to the root one.

22. There is no point in persuading him to take part in the game.
A. It is impossible to persuade him to take part in the game.
B. He is able to take part in the game although he doesn't want to.
C. I enjoy persuading him to take part in the game
D. It would be useful to persuade him to take part in the game.
23. you/serious/learn/be/architect?
A. Are you serious about learning to be an architect?
B. Are you serious to learn to be an architect?
C. Are you serious for learning to be an architect?
D. Are you serious with learning to be an architect?

24. My daughter/spend/ two hours/study/mathematics/ every day.

- A. My daughter spends two hours to study mathematics every day.
- B. My daughter spends two hours studying mathematics every day.**
- C. My daughter spent two hours studying mathematics every day.
- D. My daughter spent two hours to study mathematics every day.

25. The bus was so full that we couldn't get on.

- A. The bus was too full so that we couldn't get on.
- B. The bus was too full that we can't get on.
- C. The bus was too full for us to get on.**
- D. The bus was such full that we couldn't get on.

Fill in each numbered blank with one word or phrase.

English is spoken in every corner of the (26)_____. About more than one thousand million people speak English in the world. It is the first language of 400 million people, and the second or (27)_____ language of about 600 million people. Four fifths of the world's computers, which are the most useful (28)_____ in almost every aspect of life in the modern world, use programs (29)_____ in English. Three quarters of all international (30)_____ is in English. It is the language used in (31)_____, aviation, sports, sciences and (32)_____ field you can (33)_____. But, does English have the most speakers? No, it doesn't surprisingly. (34)_____ as many people speak Chinese as their first language, but English is spoken internationally. This (35)_____ why more people are learning English all over the world.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 26. A. circle | B. globe | C. sphere | D. round |
| 27. A. foreign | B. third | C. overseas | D. alien |
| 28. A. tools | B. gadgets | C. devices | D. machines |
| 29. A. spoken | B. written | C. talked | D. translated |
| 30. A. posting | B. letters | C. letter | D. correspondence |
| 31. A. sightseeing | B. tourism | C. traveling | D. excursions |
| 32. A. whenever | B. wherever | C. however | D. whatever |
| 33. A. talk | B. take notice | C. pay attention | D. mention |
| 34. A. Second | B. Twice | C. Two | D. Doubled |
| 35. A. explains | B. accounts | C. points | D. expresses |

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

Students at the age of 18 always have to face a difficult decision to make. Some want to go on with their study at college or university, others prefer to start work immediately. Many school leavers are eager to go to work in order to make money to live independently and help their parents. They always do their best to overcome any obstacles they may encounter. Unfortunately, owing to the guidance which is poor and biased from their parents and teachers, most boys and girls are ill-prepared for employment. Therefore, they often feel worried and build up all sorts of fearsome prospects in their mind as the time to start work gets nearer. It is the **duty** of the school and family to prepare these young people for their future jobs.

36. The main idea of the passage is _____.
- A. Learning at university
 - C. Starting to work after leaving school**
 - B. Making an important decision at 16
 - D. Getting to know about new jobs
37. Why do some young people want to find a job after they leave school?
- A. They are badly in need of money
 - B. They want to get rid of schooling
 - C. Their parents do not help them
 - D. They want to lead an independent life**
38. What attitude do some young people have when they are faced with difficulty?
- A. They just let things go
 - B. They make good efforts**
 - C. They become discouraged
 - D. They complain about their parents and teachers
39. The word "**duty**" in line 7 is nearest in meaning to _____.
- A. responsibility**
 - B. work
 - C. job
 - D. activity
40. Which of these following is NOT mentioned concerning young people starting work?

A. Anxiety

B. Encouragement

C. Fear

D. Poor preparation

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 22

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. confided B. obliged C. determined D. agreed
2. A. unwise B. develops C. values D. equals
3. A. excited B. excuse C. exchange D. example

Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

4. A. apology B. communicative C. attention D. appropriate
5. A. verbal B. polite C. common D. social

Choose the word, phrase or sentence a, b, c or d that best completes each unfinished sentence.

6. I feel like _____ a letter to the authorities about the need for public transportation.
A. to write B. writing C. to writing D. written
7. Ann hopes _____ to join the private club. She could make important business contacts there.
A. to invite B. inviting C. to be invited D. being invited
8. No sooner _____ the news _____ she fainted.
A. she had heard/than B. had she heard/when C. did she hear/when D. had she heard/than
9. I feel very tired. I _____ in the garden for the last two hours.
A. have been working B. worked C. have worked D. had been working
10. Could you wait for a few minutes until the manager _____ back?
A. will get B. gets C. is getting D. had got
11. We should participate in the movements _____ to conserve the natural environment.
A. organized B. which organize C. are organized D. organizing
12. It isn't very _____ to leave the lights on when you are not in the room.
A. economy B. economic C. economical D. economized
13. The goods were never delivered _____ the promise we had received.
A. although B. because C. because of D. in spite of
14. September 2nd is the day when Vietnamese celebrate their _____ from France.
A. dependence B. dependent C. independence D. independent
15. The princess _____ her secret to her husband, who dies of a broken heart.
A. confides B. trusts C. depends D. believes
16. Today a lot of important inventions are carried _____ by scientists.
A. in B. with C. for D. out
17. The little girl divided the cake _____ three parts.
A. to B. into C. from D. with
18. If only my mother _____ here with me at the moment.
A. are being B. would be C. had been D. were
19. Tan apologized _____ the teacher _____ rude to him the day before.
A. to/for being B. to/for to be C. for/for being D. x/for being
20. Two people are reported _____ in the accident.
A. to injure seriously B. to seriously be injured
C. to have been seriously injured D. being injured
21. So many _____ people applied for the position that we won't be able to make a decision for weeks.
A. well-qualified B. well-behaved C. well-known D. well-mannered
22. _____ you work harder, you won't be admitted to that university.

- A. If B. When C. Unless D. Because
23. We have lived in this district for eight years.
A. We moved to this district eight years ago.
B. **We have moved to this district for eight years.**
C. We have lived in this district eight years ago.
D. It's eight years ago since we lived to this district.
24. Tom _____ Helen the next day.
A. warned to help B. **promised to help** C. accused me to help D. reminded helping
25. "I left my umbrella here last night", said Jane
A. Jane said me that she had left her umbrella there the previous night.
B. I told Jane I had left my umbrella there the night before.
C. **Jane told me she had left her umbrella there the night before.**
D. Jane asked me to leave the umbrella there the previous day.
- Choose the phrase or sentence a, b, c, or d that best completes the conversation**
26. "_____, children nowadays watch too much TV." - "Absolutely!"
A. In my conclusion B. **In my opinion** C. As you see D. As a matter of fact
27. "Shall we have a drink when you finish your class?" - "_____"
A. No, we can't. B. **All right.** C. You're welcome. D. You needn't do that.
28. "_____" - "Oh, thank you. I just got it yesterday."
A. When have you got this beautiful dress?
B. You've just bought this beautiful dress, haven't you?
C. How a beautiful dress you're wearing!
D. **That's a beautiful dress you have on!**
29. "_____" - "Oh, it's great!"
A. How is the English competition like? B. Would you like the English competition?
C. What do you like about the English competition?
D. **What do you think of the English competition?**
30. "Oh, I'm really sorry!" - "_____"
A. It was a pleasure D. **That's all right** C. Thanks. D. Yes, why?

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

31. This morning, they asked (A) me what (B) was happening (C) the previous night, but I was unable to tell (D) them.
32. Though (A) her severe (B) pain, she tried to walk (C) to the auditorium to attend (D) the lecture.
33. Joyce thanked us to invite (A) them to dinner (B) and said that they wanted (C) to have us over for dinner (D) the next week.
34. I decided (A) to stay (B) at home last night. I would have gone (C) out if I weren't (D) so tired.
35. A new bridge is being built (A) across (B) the river and it says (C) that it will be called (D) New Gate.

Fill in each numbered blank with one word or phrase.

The industrial Revolution in Britain was built on the use of machines in factories. Since the 1950's Britain (36)_____industries have replaced the machine operators with computers and this automation had led to a decline in the number of (37)_____. The manufactured goods are bought and used more than ever before but a lot of these goods are imported. By the beginning of the 20th century, other (38)_____ countries, like the USA, were competing with Britain's exports and countries in the Far East have been able to provide cheaper (39)_____ since the 1970s. Areas where heavy manufacturing industries are located suffered high (40)_____.

36. A. manufacture B. **manufacturing** C. manufacturer D. manufactured
37. A. **employees** B. employers C. employment D. unemployment
38. A. cultural B. commercial C. **industrial** D. agricultural

39. A. works B. serving C. production D. products
40. A. jobless B. working C. occupation D. unemployment

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

Today, in many parts of the world, it is customary for people to shake hands upon meeting as gesture of good will. Originally, however, the practice of shaking hands had a more practical purpose.

Shaking hands originated in medieval times. In those days, when a man *came on* a stranger, he would often automatically reach for his sword with his right hand, in case he had to use the weapon to defend himself. Sometimes, both parties found themselves circling around each other, weapons in hand, until it was mutually agreed that the weapons could be laid aside. Then, the two parties extended their right hands to show they had no weapons, and clasped them. This was the beginning of the handshake. *[clasp: xiết chũt]*

The custom of shaking hands is not a universal one. In the Orient, people have, for centuries, clasped their own hands in front of them upon meeting to show that they held no weapons. In France, a custom developed in which people who met would kiss each other on both cheeks. The natives of some South-sea islands greet by rubbing noses..

41. At first the purpose of shaking hands was _____.
A. to show a good relationship with each other B. to show that there were no weapons in hands.
C. to show that both parties were ready for a fight.
D. a gesture of good will
42. To show that one has no intention to fight, _____.
A. shaking hands has been practiced all over the world
B. the oriental people kiss each other's hand. C. people laid aside their weapons.
D. there have been various ways depending on different cultures
43. According to the passage, the practice of shaking hands _____.
A. was used to extend greetings
B. used to be popular, but now it is out of date.
C. is replaced by other customs in some countries.
D. is considered not to be very polite.
44. The word “**came on**” in the second paragraph can best be replaced by _____.
A. waited for B. visited C. attacked D. happened to meet
45. Which of the following is NOT true about the handshake ?
A. It happened for the first time very long times ago
B. It is a gesture of good will.
C. It is very popular all over the world. D. It is one of the social customs.

Choose the sentence whose meaning is closed to the root one.

46. Turn off all the switches before leaving the room.
A. All the switches must be turned off before leaving the room.
B. All the switches must be turned off before you leave the room.
C. You must leave the room before turning off all the switches.
D. You must leave the room as soon as you turn off all the switches.
47. He didn't do his homework. He gets bad marks now.--If he had done his homework, _____.
A. he wouldn't have gotten bad marks. B. he would get bad marks now.
C. he would have gotten good marks. D. he wouldn't get bad marks now.
48. Jane refused to attend his birthday party, which made him feel sad.
A. Jane made him sad despite her refusal to attend his birthday party.
B. Jane refused to attend his birthday party because it made him sad.
C. Jane's refusal to attend his birthday party made him feel sad.
D. Jane, whom made him feel sad, refused to attend his birthday party.
49. John wishes he had remembered to send Mary a Christmas card.

- A. John regrets to send Mary a Christmas card.
 B. John regrets forgetting not to send Mary a Christmas card.
 C. John regrets not remembering sending Mary a Christmas card.
 D. John regrets forgetting to send Mary a Christmas card.
50. "If I were you, I would take a break.", Tom said to Daisy.
 A. Tom told Daisy he would have taken a break if he had been her.
 B. Tom advised Daisy he would take a break if he were her.
 C. Tom advised Daisy to take a break.
 D. Tom advised Daisy to take a break if he were her.

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 23

I. Choose the word with different pronunciation of the underlined part:

1. A. application B. education C. addition D. question
 2. A. allowed B. passed C. argued D. raised
 3. A. choice B. achieve C. each D. chemistry

II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

4. A. advertise B. qualify C. recommend D. interview
 5. A. verbal B. polite C. common D. social

III. Choose the best option

6. If we had known your new address, we _____ to see you.
 A. came B. would come C. would have come D. will come
7. The children _____ to the zoo.
 A. were enjoyed taken B. enjoyed being taken C. were enjoyed taking D. enjoyed taking
8. The person _____ prepared this report has a real talent for writing.
 A. which B. who C. whose D. she
9. You should _____ more attention to what your teacher explains.
 A. make B. get C. set D. pay
10. Body language is a potent form of _____ communication.
 A. verbal B. non-verbal C. tongue D. oral
11. A: I'm not sure about this soup. It tastes like something's missing.-B: _____ It tastes fine to me.
 A. You're right. B. Oh, I don't know, C. I couldn't agree more. D. I don't think so.
12. While girls lack of _____, boys often overestimate their abilities.
 A. confidence B. confident C. confidently D. confidences
13. _____, he walked to the station.
 A. Despite being tired B. Although to be tired C. In spite being tired D. Despite tired
14. My father phoned me to say that he would come _____ home late.
 A. a B. an C. the D. Ø
15. A _____ is a spacecraft that is designed to travel into space and back to earth several times.
 A. plane B. corporation C. telecommunication D. shuttle
16. An economic _____ is a time when there is very little economic activity, which causes a lot of unemployment and poverty.
 A. improvement B. depression C. development D. mission
17. In the future many large corporations will be wiped out and millions of jobs will be lost.
 A. companies B. services C. supermarkets D. farms
18. Gold _____ in California in the 19th century.
 A. was discovered B. has been discovered C. was discover D. they discovered
19. Ms Young, to _____ many of her students are writing, is living happily and peacefully in Canada.
 A. who B. whom C. that D. whose
20. A: You're a great dancer. I wish I could do half as well as you.-B: I'm an awful dancer!

- A. You're too kind. B. That's a nice compliment! C. You've got to be kidding! D. Oh, thank you very much.

IV. Identify one underlined word or phrase that needs correcting

21. Anyone (A) where (B) works is regarded (C) as a useful member of our society. (D)
22. He never (A) tells me the reason (B) which (C) he left that job. (D)
23. You have to (A) study hard (B) to keep pace in (C) your classmates (D)
24. If she had eaten (A) fewer (B) sweets, she (C) would lose weight. (D)
25. Suppose (A) you haven't found (B) your car keys, what would (C) you have done? (D)

VI. Choose the best sentence that can be arranged from the words given

26. most British universities/ academic year/ divide/ three terms//
A. At most British universities the academic year is divided into three terms.
B. The academic year of most British universities divides into three terms.
C. In most British universities the academic year is divided up to three terms.
D. Most British universities divide the academic year up to three terms.

VII. Choose the sentence which has the closest meaning to the original one

27. I came to live here three months ago.
A. It was three months since I lived here. B. I've been living here for three months
C. I lived here for three months. D. I didn't live here for three months.
28. I didn't go to bed early, so I didn't wake up at 7.00
A. If I went to bed early, I would wake up at 7.00 B. If I had gone to bed early, I'd not have woken up at 7.00
C. If I went to bed early, I would have woken up at 7.00 D. If I had gone to bed early, I'd have woken up at 7.00
29. My brother regretted having bought the second-hand laptop.
A. My brother wished he had bought the second-hand laptop.
B. My brother wished he didn't buy the second-hand laptop.
C. My brother wished he hadn't bought the second-hand laptop.
D. If only my brother had bought the second-hand laptop.
30. Peter said if he were me he would stop smoking.
A. I wanted Peter to stop smoking and he promised to do.
B. Peter said he would stop smoking as I wanted him to.
C. Peter promised to stop smoking. D. Peter advised me to stop smoking.

VIII. Read the passage and choose the part (A, B, C or D) that best fits each numbered blank.

What do you do well? What do you enjoy doing? Your answers to these two questions will help you identify your (31) _____. An employer will consider you seriously for a (32) _____ when you can show them that you know who you are, what you can offer and which you have studied. Sometimes it is difficult to know what your weaknesses are. Clearly not everyone is equally good (33) _____ everything. You may need to improve yourself and so (34) _____ courses in that field could turn a weakness into strength.

You will need to (35) _____ some time on your self-assessment. Your honesty and the desire for self-improvement will lead to success in getting the right job. Explore the following seven areas to start to get to know yourself: your aptitude, your skills, your personality, the level of responsibility you feel comfortable with, your interests and your needs.

31. A. strong B. strength C. strengthen D. strengthened
32. A. position B. location C. spot D. room
33. A. upon B. in C. at D. for
34. A. meeting B. taking C. choosing D. interviewing
35. A. use B. make C. lose D. spend

IX. Reading comprehension: Read the passage and choose the best answer

Vietnam is a densely-populated, developing country that in the last 30 years has had to recover from the ravages of war. Substantial progress was achieved from 1986 to 1997 in moving forward from an extremely low level of development and significantly reducing poverty.

Since 2001, Vietnamese authorities have reaffirmed their commitment to economic liberalization and international integration. They have moved to implement the structural reforms needed to modernize the economy and to produce more competitive, export-driven industries..

Vietnam's membership in the ASEAN Free Trade Area (AFTA) and entry into force of the US-Vietnam Bilateral Trade Agreement in December 2001 have led to even more rapid changes in Vietnam's trade and economic regime. Vietnam's exports to the US doubled in 2002 and again in 2003.

Vietnam joined the WTO (World Trade Organization) in January 2007, following over a decade long negotiation process. *This* should provide an important boost to the economy and should help to ensure the continuation of liberalizing reforms.

Vietnam is working to create jobs to meet the challenge of a labor force that is growing by more than one million people every year. Vietnamese authorities have tightened monetary and fiscal policies to *stem* high inflation. Hanoi is targeting an economic growth rate of 7.5-8% during the next five years.

36. Vietnam's economy is _____.
- A. decreasing B. facing crisis C. developing D. backward
37. According to the text, Vietnam _____.
- A. used to be well-developed before 1986 B. Vietnam is still in extreme poverty
C. could recover from the consequences of the war soon D. has been modernizing the economy
38. Vietnam _____.
- A. does not export anything to the US
B. exported to the US in 2003 twice as much goods as in 2002
C. did not export goods to the US in 2002 D. did not export goods to the US in 2003
39. The word *This* refers to _____.
- A. Vietnam's joining the WTO B. the WTO
C. the negotiating process D. the Vietnamese economy
40. The word *stem* has a close meaning to _____.
- A. succeed B. stop C. originate D. Increase

ĐỀ 24

Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from that of the others.

1. A. apply B. moment C. nation D. comfort
2. A. reasonable B. volcanic C. unpleasant D. throughout
3. A. begin B. ashamed C. position D. enemy
4. A. majority B. ceremony C. maintain D. engage

Choose the word whose underlined part in bold in pronounced differently from the rest.

5. A. shown B. known C. snow D. town
6. A. books B. maps C. cats D. dogs
7. A. stopped B. worked C. watched D. needed
8. A. accidents B. airplanes C. newspapers D. calls

Choose the best answer to complete each of the following sentences.

9. My sister, _____ has just got a job in a computer company, is very keen on playing computer games.
A. who B. that C. whom D. all are correct
10. "I'll speak calmly, I really will!" he said.
A. He begged me to speak calmly. B. He told me to speak calmly
C. He promised to speak calmly D. He agreed to speak calmly
11. In addition to a competitive salary, the company offers attractive _____ benefit.
A. employee B. employment C. employer D. employing
12. Tomorrow I _____ an old friend who has just come back from Africa.
A. will be meeting B. will meet C. meet D. am meeting
13. He was offered the job despite his poor _____.
A. preparations B. achievements C. expressions D. qualifications
14. On our trip to Spain, we crossed _____ Atlantic Ocean.
A. a B. an C. the D. ø

15. Ha Noi, _____, is the capital of Vietnam.
A. which is my hometown B. where I was born
C. in which I was born D. All is correct
16. I didn't meet him yesterday so I couldn't tell him about that.
A. I met him yesterday so that I could tell him about that.
B. If I hadn't met him yesterday, I couldn't have told him about that.
C. If I had met him yesterday, I could have told him about that.
D. I could tell him about that because I met him yesterday.
17. "Let me help you carry that suitcase," John said to the old lady.
A. John told the old lady to carry that suitcase.
B. John offered to carry that suitcase for the old lady.
C. John told me to carry that suitcase for the old lady.
D. John suggested carrying that suitcase for the old lady.
18. "The last time I wrote to him was in 1996".
A. I haven't written to him was in 1996. B. I haven't written to him was since 1996.
C. I haven't written to him in 1996. D. I haven't written to him since 1996.
19. My car still runs surprisingly well _____ it is over ten years old.
A. but B. in spite of C. though D. Despite
20. Everyone was surprised _____ his early arrival.
A. at B. to C. in D. on
21. By the time you received her letter, she _____ in Paris.
A. has arrived B. would have arrived C. had arrived D. arrived
22. Last night there was _____ bird singing outside my house.
A. a B. ø C. an D. the
23. Being aware _____ the importance of economic reforms, the Vietnamese Communist Party initiated an overall economic reform policy.
A. in B. at C. for D. of
24. The introduction of appropriate farming practices to Vietnam farmers can help them achieve a higher output.
A. guideline B. productivity C. achievement D. renovation

Indicate an error in each of the following sentences.

25. I have warned you on the difficulties you have to face when applying for the job.
A B C D
26. My ideal world would be a peaceful one which there are no wars or conflicts.
A B C D
27. Nowadays if people look after them, they can live to be at the age of 90.
A B C D
28. The old man managed to get to sleep because there was a lot of noise.
A B C D
29. When they came home, they didn't buy nothing from the supermarket.
A B C D
30. Without Huong River, Hue City wouldn't be so romantic as it is.
A B C D

Choose the correct words to fill in the following passage.

It is difficult to write rules that tell exactly when we should apologize, (1)_____ it is not difficult to learn how. If we have done something to hurt someone's feelings, or if we have been (2)_____ or rude, we should apologize. An apology indicates that we realize we have (3)_____ a mistake, and we are sorry (4)_____ it. It is a way of expressing our regret for something. When we (5)_____, we admit our wrongdoing, usually offer a reason for it and (6)_____ regret

31. A. and B. for C. but D. so

32. A. friendly B. kind C. polite D. impolite
 33. A. produced B. made C. done D. created
 34. A. for B. about C. at D. in
 35. A. accept B. admitted C. laughed D. apologize
 36. A. apologize B. express C. give D. report

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions, from question 30 to question 33

Students working for their first degree at a university are called undergraduates. When they take their degree we say they graduate, and then they are called graduates. If they continue studying at university after they have graduated, they are called post- graduates.

Full time university students spend all their free time studying. They have no other employment. Their course usually lasts for three or four years. Medical students have to follow a course lasting for six or seven years. Then they graduate as doctors. In Britain, full-time university students have three terms of about ten weeks in each year. During these terms they go to lectures or they study **by themselves**. Many students become members of academic societies and sports clubs and take part in their activities. Between the university terms they have vacations (or holiday periods). Their vacations are long, but of course they can use them to study at home.

37. Students who continue studying at university after having graduated are called _____.
 A. undergraduates B. postgraduates C. graduates D. pre – graduates
38. Between the university terms, students have their _____.
 A. tests B. vacations C. practice time D. employment
39. The phrase “**by themselves**” means _____.
 A. on their own B. lonely C. alone D. A&C
40. Which of the following is NOT correct ?
 A. Full time university students don't have other employment.
 B. Medical students spend six or seven years studying at university.
 C. A university course usually lasts for three or four years.
 D. Students in Britain have no holiday periods.

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 25

Choose the word whose main stress syllable is different from that of the rest.

1. A. university B. calendar C. problem D. hospital
 2. A. attitude B. profession C. disaster D. competitor
 3. A. attraction B. argument C. decision D. employment

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

4. A. conflict B. strike C. think D. single
 5. A. economics B. photographs C. applicants D. details

Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. The teacher told his students _____ laughing.
 A. stop B. to stop C. stopping D. stopped
7. We can communicate not only through words but also through _____.
 A. behaviour B. spoken language C. thinking D. body language
8. People _____ the rise in oil prices for the big increase in inflation.
 A. asked B. said C. wondered D. blame
9. In many cultures, people signify their agreement by _____ their head.

- A. nodding B. turning C. pointing D. raising
10. Peter : " Would you like to have dinner with me?" -Ann : " _____."
- A. Yes, it is B. That's a good idea C. **Yes, I'd love to** D. Yes, so do I
11. The wedding day was _____chosen by the parents of the groom.
- A. careless B. **carefully** C. careful D. carelessly
12. I had a road accident when I _____a phone call in the car.
- A. **was making** B. have made C. made D. am making
13. _____he gets here soon, we will have to start the meeting without him.
- A. Because B. In case C. If D. **Unless**
14. I don't suppose you like pineapples, _____?
- A. did you B. don't you C. **do you** D. will you
15. A _____is an official document that you receive when you have completed a course of study or training.
- A. subject B. level C. **certificate** D. grade
16. If I had studied harder at school, I _____successful in my life.
- A. have been B. would be C. **would have been** D. will have been
17. A curriculum that ignores ethnic tensions, racial antagonisms, cultural _____and religious differences is *pot* relevant.
- A. barriers B. **diversity** C. levels D. contacts
18. This room _____since I was born.
- A. **has been painted** B. Painted C. was painted D. has painted
19. Up to now, we _____a lot of information about her.
- A. will have learnt B. learnt C. **have learnt** D. would learn
20. All bottles _____before transportation.
- A. have frozen B. froze C. **were frozen** D. will freeze
21. The academic year in Vietnam is over _____the end _____May.
- A. in/in B. at/in C. **at/of** D. in/by
22. They took her to the hospital, _____is only a mile away.
- A. that B. in that C. **which** D. where
23. It rained heavily, _____I couldn't come to see you yesterday.
- A. **so** B. and C. if D. but
24. In the past the trip _____very rough and often dangerous, but things _____a great deal in the last hundred and fifty years.
- A. is/changed B. would be/had changed C. has been/ changed D. **was/have changed**
25. You are old enough. I think it's high time you _____ for a job
- A. apply B. **applied** C. will apply D. are applying
26. Jim: " This dictionary is for you. I hope you will find it useful." Mai : " _____."
- A. Thanks. I'll do it B. **Thanks. It's very kind of you** C. Yes, please D. No problem!
27. In Britain women usually retire _____the age of 60.
- A. **at** B. on C. by D. in
28. Sometimes she does not agree _____her husband about child rearing but they soon find the solutions.
- A. **with** B. by C. on D. at
29. I regret_____you that your application form has been denied.
- A. informing B. **to inform** C. inform D. to have informed
30. John is _____only child in his family, so his parents love him a lot.
- A. no article B. **the** C. a D. an

Read the passage carefully and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer.

The American education system requires that students complete 12 years of primary and secondary education prior to attending university or college. This may be accomplished either at public or **government-operated** schools, or at private schools. These 12 years of schooling or their equivalent may

also be completed outside the USA, thus giving foreign students the opportunity to pursue the benefits of the American education system and obtain a quality American education. Perhaps one of the most impressive facts is that a large number of presidents, prime ministers and leaders from other countries have experienced the American education system and graduated from a university or school in the USA. In many fields and industries, the American education system offers the most cutting-edge, sought-after programs at the world's best schools. That is why graduating from an accredited American school and being exposed to the rigors of the American education system is an investment in your future.

Whether you want to study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school, a thorough understanding of how the American education system works is essential. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student will find it difficult to make the right academic choices. It is no surprise that the American education system and the American school system host more international students than any other country in the world!

31. The expression **government-operated** could best be replaced by _____.
- A. state B. independent C. boarding D. vocational
32. According to the text, students in the USA _____.
- A. are not necessarily take primary and secondary education in the country
B. are made to take primary and secondary education in the country
C. spend less than 12 years for primary and secondary education
D. needn't take primary and secondary education
33. What is the writer's advice?
- A. International students should have a thorough understanding of how the American education system works before going there to study.
B. International students should not study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school.
C. International students should not invest their future education in the US.
D. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student can make the right academic choices.
34. The writer _____ the US education.
- A. appreciates B. overstates C. underestimates D. dislikes
35. Which sentence is true?
- A. There are not many foreign students in the US.
B. Many leaders all over the world have studied in the US.
C. Foreign students are not offered opportunities in the US.
D. The US education is not good enough for foreign students.
- Choose the sentence that has the same meaning as the original one.**
36. I regret not paying much attention to the lecture.
- A. I wish I had paid less attention to the lecture.
B. I wish I had been more attentive to the lecture.
C. I wish I had not paid more attention to the lecture.
D. I wish I had paid more attentive to the lecture.
37. I'll let you borrow the book but you must promise to return it next week.
- A. If you promise to return the book, I let you borrow it.
B. If you promise to return the book next week, I'll let you borrow it.
C. If you promise to return the book next week, I won't let you borrow it.
D. If you promised to return the book, I'll let you borrow it.
38. I didn't know you were coming, so I didn't wait for you.
- A. Had I know you were coming, I would have waited for you.
B. I would have waited for you if I knew you were coming.
C. If I had known you were coming, I would wait for you.

- D. If I had known you were coming, I would have waited for you.
39. “Do you watch television every evening, Jane?”, said Peter.
A. Peter asked Jane if she’d watched TV every evening.
B. Peter asks Jane if does she watch TV every evening.
C. Peter asked Jane if she watched TV every evening.
D. Peter asked Jane did she watch TV every evening.

40. My parents made me study hard when I was young.
A. My parents made me study hard when they were young.
B. My parents wanted me to study hard when I was young.
C. I was made me to study hard by my parents when I was young.
D. My parents always forced me to study hard.

Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.

41. It is difficult telling you all of these discoveries.
A B C D
42. I spend many money to buy musical instruments
A B C D
43. My uncle lived in Hanoi since 1990 to 1998, but he is now living in Hue.
A B C D
44. Mai often arrives at the office at nine o’clock, but because the storm, she was late this morning.
A B C D
45. If you drank less, you will feel much better.
A B C D

Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the passage.

Many people think that we can learn a lot about the culture of a foreign country simply by living in that culture. (46)_____, this is not necessarily true. Often the longer we stay in a foreign country, the more we realize how little we actually know (47)_____ the culture of that country. Books and talks about other’s people culture can even be dangerous because they concentrate on cultural (48)_____ and exaggerate national characteristics; sometimes there is a lot of information (49)_____ content is untrue.

In a survey recently carried out in Britain, people were asked (50)_____ a list of anything which they thought was typical of Britain and would interest foreign visitors there. Most of them mentioned Shakespeare, the queen, village inns, English folk dancing, football hooligans, umbrellas, English castles, cricket, and fish and chips.

46. A. So B. Although C. Unless D. However
47. A. about B. with C. of D. for
48. A. conflicts B. differences C. benefits D. advantages
49. A. whose B. which C. where D. that
50. A. to make B. to do C. to create D. to write